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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Great disorder reported in the city of Port-au-Prince, Hayti. —— Japaness have occupied Hai Cheng without resistance. — Russian forces are retiring northward. —— Japanese at Tokio are hourly awaiting tidings from Port Arthur where the critical hour for the final assault is fast approaching. —— Senator Bailey of Texas and Gov. Montague of Virginia were among Judge Parker's visitors yesterday. —— Two cases of yellow fever at Vera Cruz. —— Russian prize court confiscates portions of cargo of the steamer Arabia. —— West Virginia Democrats nominated John Cornwall for governor; the white supremacy proposition was not embraced in the platform. —— Judge D. D. Vesner, of Greenville county, S. C., committed suicide. —— Negro boy who attempted to assault two little white girls in Nelson county, Va., is supposed to have been lynched. —— Terrible storm reported from Pulaski, Va. —— Chicago meat packers declare there will be no further conferences with the strikers. —— New York markets: Money on call very easy at ½@1 per cent; closing bid ½ per cent.; cotton quiet at 10.45c; flour firm with a slightly improved demand; wheat—spot strong; No. 2 red nominal; corn—spot firm; No. 2, 57⅝c; rosin firm; spirits turpentine dull at 56@56½c.

WEATHER REPORT

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 4.

Meteorological data for the twenty-four hours ending at 8 P. M.:

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 74 degrees; 8 P. M., 73 degrees; maximum, 77 degrees; minimum, 70 degrees; mean, 74 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .51; rainfall since first of the month to date, 1.79 inches.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Rains are reported from all districts, with a few scattered heavy showers. Temperatures have continued about stationary in all portions of the belt. Rainfall at Wilmington for the 24 hours ended at 8 A. M., 1.30.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—For North Carolina: Showers Friday and Saturday; fresh winds.

Port Almanac—August 5.

Sun Rises	5.10 A. M.
Sun Sets	7.01 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 51 M.
High Water at Southport	2.18 P. M.
High Water Wilmington	4.48 P. M.

Judge Parker has now finished cutting his rye. Roosevelt can now look out for news of a thrashing.

The strike breakers have to face the head breakers when they knock off work at the Chicago packing houses every afternoon.

"Two pretty girls of Rochester, Ind., are going to take a tramp to St. Louis to see the Exposition," says an exchange. We would like to be the tramp.

An Iowa woman has sued for a divorce because her husband broke her nose. We guess the old man was simply protecting his breath when his wife got to nosing around.

On the 8th of November the Prohibition candidate for President will come to the conclusion that the people did not want to place him in charge of the White House waterworks.

"What has become of the full dinner pail?" asks a Democratic exchange. It got so full it had to be locked up for insisting on hitting Republican campaign arguments a staggering blow.

A Wilmington young man who voted for the Dispensary was twitted by another for being on the losing side, and was asked how he felt about getting licked. "Like Lazarus," was the laconic reply.

The residence of the President at Washington has heretofore been known as the White House, but if Roosevelt is elected it will be called the Black-and-Tan House. For that reason we want Parker to leave Roosevelt glued to the third base.

A New York paper says: "Who will be the chairman at Madison Square Garden in October, if it can be arranged for Bryan, Cleveland and Parker to speak from the same platform?" We despise to see the word "chairman" used when it will require the services of an umpire with three strikers like that at the bat.

On the fence is no place for any kind of politician. The politician who straddles the fence will find out that it is all barbed wire, ready to help itself to pieces of breeches and hunks of meat. The fellow who hasn't got plenty of grit in his craw and a backbone that won't wabble had better stay out of politics till he learns to be a man.

Quoth the Washington *Post*: "Despite the declaration of the St. Louis platform the number of Democratic Senators who are willing to submit their election to a direct vote of the people is remarkably small." Taking that view of it, the impression sneaks over us that the "outs" have won a "leg" on the "ins."

A dip in the ocean these hot afternoons is a pleasure beyond compare—car every half hour in the afternoon. †

LOCAL DOTS.

— Dr. J. J. Hall, of Norfolk, Va., has accepted a call to the pastorate of the First Baptist church of Fayetteville.

— Superintendent Jno. T. Yates has installed a new fire alarm box on Red Cross street, near the hospital grounds. The number is 113.

— Henry Graham, colored, will be given preliminary trial in Justice Fowler's court to-day upon a charge of having assaulted Rebecca Pearsall with a rock.

— Among last night's arrivals were Messrs. A. E. White, Lumberton, S. A. L. Johnson, Abbottsburg; J. L. Brittian, Whiteville; Dr. J. R. Clements, Pelham, Ga.

— Cases in the police court yesterday were of no importance. Dock Campbell, a blind negro, was charged with vagrancy, but he asked and was granted permission to leave the city.

— By deed filed for record yesterday Mrs. A. D. McDonald transferred to Thos. H. Wright, for $100, property on east side of Eighth, 132 feet of Hanover street, 33x104 feet in size.

— Owen Jones, the old negro who was struck by a suburban car, near Wrightsville station, Saturday night, died yesterday about noon at the hospital. An autopsy was performed to reveal the exact cause of his death.

— Lucy Jarvis, colored, was indicted as a public nuisance by Mamie Phillips, colored, in Justice Bornemann's court yesterday. She will be given preliminary trial at 10 A. M. to-day. Counsel appear on both sides of the case.

AFFAIRS OF THE COUNTY.

Auditing Committee in Regular Session. Treasurer's Monthly Report.

The Auditing Committee of the Board of County Commissioners was in regular monthly session yesterday afternoon, but only routine business was transacted. Chairman D. McEachern is still indisposed and was unable to be present yesterday. Commissioners Robertson and Vollers, however, were in attendance. The monthly report of County Treasurer H. McL. Green was audited and approved, showing receipts and disbursements during July as follows:

Receipts—Balance to credit of General Fund, $14,531.18; Special Fund, $4,731.00; Road Fund, $5,605.65; Road Sinking Fund, $5,190.08; marriage license, $25.63; back taxes, $535.41; rents, $12.00; costs, $46.50; liquor tax for six months, $5,510.00; interest, $50; Schedule B tax, $1,611.66; liquor tax for county, $190.00; order to transfer from General Fund to Road Fund, $5,000.00. Total, $43,039.13.

Disbursements—General to Road fund, $5,000.00; outdoor poor, $355.39; Public Building, $100.10; hospital, $600.00; County Home, $133.80; jail, $154.50; roads and bridges, $119.55; Superior Court, $608.31; tax listing, $311.75; stationery and advertising, $48.20; magistrates, $4.80; County Commissioners, $136.00; Register of $77.40; Superintendent of Health, $100.00; Constable, $2.20; Clerk, $50.00; janitor, $45.00; Treasurer's commissions, $134.71; Special County Fund coupons, $630.15; Road Fund, $1,334.63; Sinking Fund coupons, $1,025.78. Total, $10,961.29.

Balance on hand Aug. 1st—General Fund, $14,481.69; Special Fund, $4,110 85; Road Fund, $9,271.00; Road Sinking Fund, $4,214.30. Total, $32,077.84.

COMPETITIVE SHOOT AT SOUTHPORT.

Wilmington Gun Club Team Defeated by the Local Shots.

A team from the Wilmington Gun Club, composed of Messrs. R. F. Warren, Geo. H. Howell, John H. Gore, J. C. Loder and E. Boushee, went down to Southport Wednesday and entered into a competitive trap shoot with the club at that place, returning a visit of the Southport gunners here a short time ago. The Wilmington team was defeated in the shoot, the scores having been reported as follows out of a possible 50:

For Southport—P. C. Tharp, 36; Dr. J. A. Dosher, 39; Rev. Mr. Weston, 37; Harry Weeks, 23; W. J. Weeks, 30; T. H. Dosher, 30; J. A. Williams, 10; Alex. Lind, 33.

For Wilmington—R. F. Warren, 35; J. C. Loder, 19; G. H. Howell, 31; John H. Gore, 34; E. Boushee, 29; B. Loder, 37.

CLOSE FREIGHT WAREHOUSES.

Chamber Endorses Movement for 5 O'clock Closing of Receiving Departments.

At the regular meeting of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday morning, upon motion of Mr. L. B. Rogers, the following was adopted:

Resolved, That the Chamber of Commerce endorse the application of the Atlantic Coast Line and Seaboard Air Line railroads to be permitted to close their receiving freight warehouses at 6 P. M. the year round, effective Sept. 1st, 1904.

Resigned from the Force.

Policemen J. J. Johnston and M. E. Guy last night tendered their resignations as members of the force, effective at once. Mr. Johnson will return to Willard, N. C., to engage in business with his father as a member of the firm of E. M. Johnston & Sons, and Mr. Guy will go to Fayetteville to engage in business.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

S. W. Sanders—Shredded pineapple.
Masonic—Meeting St. John's Lodge.

WILL LAY CORNER STONE.

Imposing Ceremonies Will Mark an Important Epoch in Odd Fellow Life of Wilmington—The Orator.

Practically all arrangements for the laying of the corner-stone of the handsome new Odd Fellow building being erected at Third and Princess streets, have been completed by the committee in charge, which is composed of Messrs. M. W. Jacobi, chairman; B. F. King, secretary; R. J. Jones, J. W. Fleet and Frank Meier. Deputy Grand Master Plato Collins, of Kinston, will be the orator of the day and a large number of other distinguished Odd Fellows will be present, including Grand Master H. E. Biggs, of Raleigh. The corner-stone laying will be attended by elaborate and very pretty ceremonies, in which the children of the Odd Fellows' Orphanage at Goldsboro will take a prominent part. The exercises will take place on the afternoon of August 16th and the children will be here on their annual outing as the guests of Wilmington Odd Fellows at that time.

One of the features of the ceremony will be a parade, starting at the I. O. O. F. Hall at 4 o'clock. The line of march will be up Third to Walnut street; thence down to Front; down Front to Market street; up Market to Third and thence to the new building, where the ceremonies will begin. Any person who has any article they desire to be placed in the corner stone is asked to leave same with Mr. B. F. King at the City Hall.

A COMPLIMENTARY RECEPTION.

Misses Twining Delightfully Entertained in Honor of Their Visiting Cousins.

Misses Blanche and Camille Twining, daughters of Captain and Mrs. H. C. Twining, gave a delightful reception last evening at the home of their parents, 615 North Fourth street. The affair was in honor of their cousins, Misses Kate and Amy Gasque, of Columbia, and Miss Nina Scott, of Magnolia. Twenty-five young couples were present and the party made merry till a late hour, leaving all too regretfully the scene of a most charming affair.

The little twin daughters of Mrs. Twining, Misses May and Edna, aged 10 years, received the guests in the hall while little Miss Gladys Twining, a seven year old tot, pinned upon she lapel of the coat of each young gentleman a souvenir rosette of red, white and blue ribbons. The Misses Twining, Gasque and Scott received in the parlor, and it was a gracious reception and most cordial entertainment that they gave their young friends.

The halls and parlors were tastefully decorated in red, white and blue, and the same colors were used in the dining room with the addition of potted plants and red, white and blue tapers to light up the tables. Dainty refreshments were served, the ices being in red, white and blue. These colors were used in memory of Mrs. Twining's father, the lamented Mr. E. H. Gasque, late a prominent citizen of Marion, S. C. His portrait occupied a conspicuous place and was decorated with the national colors, of which he was particularly fond during his life time.

BRUNSWICK COUNTY DEMOSKATS.

Full Ticket Nominated at Convention Yesterday at Lockwood's Folly.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

SOUTHPORT, N. C., Aug. 4.—The following nominations were made at the Brunswick County Democratic Convention, held at Lockwood's Folly to-day:

Representative—Howard C. Curtis.
Sheriff—Peter Rourk.
Register of Deeds—G. M. McKeithan.
Clerk of Court—R. S. Newton.
Treasurer—R. W. McKeithan.
Commissioners—Richard Dosher, J. W. Tharp and A. M. Chinnis.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. A. H. Hammond, of Wadesboro, was here yesterday.

— Miss Charlotte Styron returned yesterday from Baltimore, Md.

— Among yesterday's visitors was Mr. L. Walker, of Town Creek.

— Rev. F. T. Wooten of Chadbourn, was here yesterday on his way to Wrightsville Beach.

— Messrs. A. B. and R. D. Pridgen, of Canetuck, N. C., spent yesterday in the city. They report all crops as being good through Pender county.

— Among yesterday's arrivals returning from the Beach were: Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Bains, Miss Rosa Bains and Master William Bains, of Birmingham, Ala.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: "Messrs. W. L. Holt and W. M. Morgan left to day for New York, where on Saturday they sail, with their New York manager, Mr. J. R. Williams, and a party of friends, for Newfoundland, to inspect the Humber Mining Company's property, in which they are largely interested. They will sail on the "Munin," the Humber Company's steamer."

Mr. Brown Suffered Broken Leg.

While at the Cape Fear Club with a number of his friends last night, Mr. Jno. H. Brown, the well known broker, suffered a fracture of the leg. Particulars of the accident could not be learned. Mr. Brown was sent to the hospital in the ambulance where Dr. T. M. Green gave him the necessary attention. The extent of the fracture was not ascertained.

THE GOVERNOR IS CENSURED.

His Reply to Chamber of Commerce With Reference to Encampment Is Unsatisfactory.

Another Strong Expression Prepared by President Taylor at Request of Executive Committee Adopted at General Meeting Yesterday—Mr. Willard Counsels Conservatism in Matter.

The meeting of the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce yesterday morning to consider the reply of Governor Aycock, with reference to the encampment matter was largely attended and lasted until well in the afternoon. The Governor's reply to the Chamber's rather harsh criticism of his action in sending the encampment to Morehead in preference to Wrightsville without making public the report of the committee sent out to inspect the sites was read at the meeting and it provoked a heated discussion, the cause of Governor Aycock being rather vigorously championed by ex-Representative Martin S. Willard. Finally, by a vote of 17 to 6, however, the Chamber, in a reply to the Governor, prepared by President J. A. Taylor, at the request of the Executive Committee, which had the matter under advisement for several days, decided to adhere to its position that the Wilmington resort had been discriminated against and the the Chief Executive was again called upon to make public the findings of his inspection committee, which findings are believed to have been favorable to Wrightsville. Two members of the Governor's military staff and several regimental officers of the Guard took part in the proceedings and were rather caustic in their criticism of the Governor's action.

The regular monthly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was called to order by President J. A. Taylor yesterday morning at 11 o'clock. Among those present at the meeting were President J. A. Taylor, Secretary James Kyle, Messrs. M. S. Willard and L. B. Rogers, of the Executive Committee; S. F. Craig, G. J. Boney, R. H. Pickett, Eugene Forshee, Walker Taylor, J. Van B. Metts, A. P. Adrian, G. E. Leftwich, J. S. Hooper, C. C. Covington, W. E. Perdew, Wm. Calder, Roger Moore, E. A. Metts, W. F. Robertson, H. K. Nash, M. J. Corbett, J. A. Springer, W. H. Brown, Chas. McNair, Joseph H. Watters, B. F. Keith, J. T. King, B. F. Hall, Wm. E. Worth, A. B. Skelding, J. H. Brown, Col. W. L. De Rosset, B. Solomon, E. B. Williamson, O. H. Wright, J. S. McEachern, Ike Bear, S. T. Ashe, Dr. C. P. Bolles, Sam Bear, Chas. J. Mitchell, J. T. Rankin and U. M. Robinson.

President Taylor announced that it was time for the regular monthly meeting of the Chamber, but the particular item of business for consideration was Gov. Aycock's reply to the recent resolution of the Chamber with reference to the encampment matter. He then reviewed very concisely the history of the affair and requested Mr. William Calder to read all the papers bearing on the question. Mr. Taylor prefaced the reading of the papers by saying that at a meeting of the Executive Committee just held at which the encampment matter was considered, the chairman had been requested to prepare a paper to be submitted to the general meeting and that it was understood that any other member of the Executive Committee would be privileged to do likewise.

Mr. Calder read first the report of the original committee appointed to present the claims of Wrightsville for the encampment site. Next he read the Chamber's resolution of July 20th in which the Governor was sharply censured for his arbitrary refusal to furnish a copy of the report by his own special committee sent out at public expense to inspect the site and make their recommendation thereon to the Governor. Mr. Calder then read the Governor's reply to the Chamber's resolution of censure as follows:

The Governor's Reply.

RALEIGH, N. C., July 23rd, 1904.
Wilmington Chamber of Commerce, No. 14 Princess Street, Wilmington, N. C.

GENTLEMEN:—I acknowledge receipt of the resolutions adopted by your Chamber on July 20th with reference to the selection of the site for the encampment for the National Guard of North Carolina.

The tone of the resolutions is such that I was tempted at first merely to acknowledge their receipt without further reply, but I am mindful of the truth of the old saying that "What others say of me matters little, but what I myself say and do matters much to me." I can, therefore, with calmness pass by the suggestion in your preamble that I "have been unmindful of the best interests of the State Guard," and deny without heat that I am "seeking to conserve the interest of Morehead City at the cost of the military service of the State," and that I "have done Wrightsville a grave and deliberate injustice." These are serious charges to be brought against the Governor of the State by the Chamber of Commerce of the leading city in the State.

Your propinquity to Wrightsville undoubtedly entitles you to a lively interest in the growth, development and prosperity of that delightful Summer resort, but the constitution of this State and the laws expressly confer upon the Governor the duties and responsibilities attached to the position of the Commander-in-Chief of the military forces of the State. I am not conscious of having failed in this duty at any time since I have been Governor.

I note that your resolutions declare that "The power to select the sites resides absolutely with the Governor," but that "when he appoints a committee to look into the relative merits of the claimants the Governor waived his arbitrary right of selection and was in good faith bound to either accept the recommendation of the committee or give satisfactory reasons for not doing so."

This statement of yours approaches correctness, but misses it by one word. "The Governor was bound to accept the report of the committee or to 'have,' not 'give' satisfactory reasons for not doing so."

I am aware of no provision in the Constitution or laws of this State requiring the Governor to "give" reasons, satisfactory or otherwise, for his action, save in one instance and that is when he pardons or commutes the punishment of a prisoner, and these reasons when given are to be communicated to the Legislature and not to private individuals, however honorable and high their position in life may be.

I note further in your resolutions that "the report is not the private property of the Governor, as said report was procured at public expense and embodies a recommendation which the Governor in good faith was bound to observe." It did not require your resolution to establish the fact that the report "is not the private property of the Governor," nor that "it was procured at the public expense." Neither proposition has ever been denied by any one. It does not follow, however, that you are entitled to a copy of the report because it "is not my property and was procured at public expense." If you are entitled to a copy of the report, each individual in North Carolina is entitled to demand and have a copy furnished from this office to him. I cannot recognize any higher right in your Chamber—composed as it is of able, honorable, wealthy and influential men—than abides in the humblest citizen of this State. If there is anything in the laws of this State entitling you to a copy of that report, the humblest citizen of the State is likewise entitled to it and I should furnish it to him as readily as to your Chamber. But there are many papers, reports and documents essential to the conduct of the affairs of the State which, while not the property of the officers procuring and having them in charge, and which, while paid for at the expense of the State, are still not public documents in the sense that they are to be furnished upon application to individuals asking for them, nor are they to be published except in the discretion of the officers having them in charge. I need but to call your attention to a few instances to convince you of the truth of this statement.

This office has on file, in a great number of cases, letters opposing in strong terms the pardon of many prisoners. These letters are required by the law to be kept on file in this office and clerks are paid out of the public treasury to file, keep and preserve these documents. They certainly are not "my private property." Their preservation is at the expense of the public treasury, and yet, I would not furnish a copy of these letters to any person. If I were to do so, citizens of the State would at once refuse to furnish me with true and full information with reference to the life and character of applicants for pardon, lest their statements becoming public, the criminal at the expiration of his term being cognizant of them, would wreak his revenge upon the people who sought to keep him from being pardoned.

I am certain you will recall the famous case in which President Cleveland refused to furnish to the Senate of the United States the charges upon which he had removed Federal office holders, and this notwithstanding the fact that these charges were kept on file as public documents, their filing and preservation being at the expense of the United States Government, and notwithstanding the fact that the Senate of the United States has the power to pass upon nominations made by the President and to confirm or reject them.

Some years ago a citizen of this State was appointed by the President as Federal judge. When his nomination was sent to the Senate, charges were filed against him. The Senate investigated the charges and took much evidence. He was never confirmed. Repeated efforts have been made to obtain these charges for use against the nominee, but the Department at Washington has always refused to furnish them or to make them public, holding that it is essential to the conduct of the public business that charges when made shall not be given to the public, for the reason that if made public, citizens will not freely furnish the government with information concerning the fitness and character of nominees for office.

In our own State the reports to the Auditor made by corporations—in many of which the members of your Chamber of Commerce are interested—are kept secret and no citizen of the State can get a copy of these reports, although the reports are the basis of the taxation of the corporations. The reasons underlying this refusal is that the exposure of the business of the corporation to its competitors might be injurious. I think that your Chamber of Commerce will agree that this is a sound view with reference to this matter, and if so, then surely where, in the opinion of the Governor, the public interest may be injuriously affected by publication of reports made to him for his information, he not only has the right, but it becomes his duty to withhold these reports from publication.

Now I am perfectly certain that the committee appointed by me and whose report you request would, upon the slightest intimation of a request on my part, consent to the publication of their report. There is nothing in their report which reflects upon anybody or any community; but, if I should make their report public, it lessens for the future the frankness with which defects and objections would be pointed out, for it is certain that no committee would wish to have resolutions of condemnation passed upon them for expressing a preference for one place over another. Such resolutions would undoubtedly be passed, for if the Governor is not exempt from them, then it is apparent that a committee of his choosing would themselves become the subject of resentment if they ventured to suggest that one place is more desirable for encampment than another. If, as you assume, their report points out Wrightsville as preferable to Morehead, then they would have subjected themselves to the condemnation of the Chamber of Commerce of Morehead City and in fear of doing so might have been tempted to praise both equally and leave me uninformed as to the real situation.

I note further that your resolutions after charging me with "conserving the interest of Morehead City at the cost of military service of the State" and with having "done Wrightsville a grave and deliberate injustice," "Respectfully Requests" me to furnish your Chamber with a copy of the report in question, to the end that you may know what "are the shortcomings of Wrightsville and the superior advantages of Morehead City."

It has not been the habit of citizens of Wilmington from the time when, in conjunction with their compatriots, they seized the stamps sent there by the British Government, down to the present, to "request" what they had a right to demand. I know too, that you are well versed in the use of words and when you "request" me for a copy of this report, you by the use of that word, recognize that you have no right to it. For, if you are entitled to the report, your *demand* would not only be proper but would be promptly honored.

No citizen of this State needs to "request" of me any right of his. If I have any disposition to deny his right, I sincerely hope that he will have the courage to demand it, and I am certain that this is what the Chamber of Commerce of Wilmington would unhesitatingly do.

You will permit me to say, I hope, that you cannot want this report for the purpose of ascertaining what the shortcomings of Wrightsville are, because you assert in the beginning of your resolution that "any one familiar with the conditions at Morehead City must readily concede the superiority of Wrightsville." What every one concedes needs no further proof, and the report cannot, therefore, be of the slightest value to you.

In conclusion, I must acquit myself of any injustice to Wrightsville, "deliberate" or otherwise. It is certainly one of the most delightful seaside resorts on earth. It has been so recognized in this State by the people of it and by the Executive Department.

During the past twenty years, encampments of the military have been held eleven years. Of these eleven encampments, Wrightsville has had six. Since I have been Governor there have been encampments held in two years—the first one in 1901. This encampment was held by regiments and all three of the regiments were sent to Wrightsville. I paid a personal visit and reviewed each regiment while in camp. During that same year I was gladly instrumental in aiding to secure the encampment of one regiment of the Georgia Guards at Wrightsville. In the same year, as I recall it, Mr. Christian, of Atlanta, organized a great excursion to be run from Atlanta to Wrightsville and in order to secure their comfort applied to me for the use of the tents belonging to the military organization of the State. These tents were furnished him and were the means of taking a great crowd of people to Wrightsville. I may have done a "deliberate injustice" to Wrightsville, but it would appear otherwise.

Last year encampments were held by regiments at Morehead City, Greensboro and Asheville—one regiment to each place. This year two regiments will go to Morehead City. Wrightsville has had an encampment of three regiments since I have been Governor. With the holding of the encampment for this year at Morehead, Morehead City will have had three regiments.

Last year it was my happiness to join the working men of Wilmington in celebration of Labor Day at Wrightsville. I have been there at other times since I have been Governor and always with increasing pleasure. I can join with your Chamber in declaring it to be a most delightful and attractive place. I cannot join with you in the idea that in sending the two regiments to Morehead, I have done a "deliberate injustice" to Wrightsville. On the contrary, I made the order without the slightest idea of injuring Wrightsville and without the slightest apprehension of creating any feeling in Wilmington or Wrightsville. I have been astonished many times since I have been Governor of the State, both by unexpected criticism and unanticipated praise, but no criticism which has come to me has been quite so unexpected as the Resolutions of your Chamber of Commerce.

I am certain that upon reflection your Chamber will take a different view of the matter and will gladly acquit me of the charge of "not properly caring for the interest of the military of the State," who have ever performed their military duties with the highest fidelity and with much sacrifice and who are entitled at my hands and at the hands of the State to the greatest consideration.

I am certain also that you will withdraw the statement that I have done a "deliberate injustice to Wrightsville." I recognize the importance, the influence and the power of your Chamber, and I would not have voluntarily sought any controversy with it. I have felt it, however, my duty to the State and to myself to present for your consideration the views which I hold. With much respect, very truly yours,

CHARLES B. AYCOCK, Governor.

Mr. Calder lastly read the report prepared by President Taylor, at the request of the executive committee, in reply to the foregoing letter of the Governor. It is as follows:

Chamber's Reply to Governor.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 4, 1904.
His Excellency, Governor C. B. Aycock, Executive Mansion, Raleigh, N. C.

SIR:—We have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your letter of the 23rd ult. in reply to the Resolutions adopted by this Chamber relative to encampment of the National Guard of North Carolina.

We yield to none in our respect and esteem for the exalted position of the Chief Executive of this State, and disclaim with utmost frankness and candor any intention or purpose to have treated you discourteously, nor do we find it possible to admit that the Resolutions are fairly open to such criticism, and the most careful and respectful perusal of your reply does not in the least modify this opinion.

We are aware that there is no provision of the Constitution or the laws of this State requiring the Governor to "give" reasons for his actions, save in the one instance cited by you, nor is there anything in the Resolutions to sustain the opinion that we entertained such idea. Our language was that you were "bound in good faith" to either accept the recommendation of your Committee or give reasons why. If our position had been sustained by the force of law we would not have had recourse to the expression "bound in good faith," and our idea of your duty in the premises was nothing more than a moral obligation.

You called a meeting of your Advisory Board to be held at Raleigh on June 10th to "determine the time and place" for holding the encampment, and invited a representative of Wilmington to be present and speak in behalf of Wrightsville. This meeting determined the "time" at its sitting, but inasmuch as Wrightsville and Morehead presented rival claims as to the "place," you appointed a committee to investigate the relative merits of the locations and report their recommendation. After the committee of investigation had completed their labors and made their report, you selected Morehead in preference to Wrightsville, and telegraphic reports were given to the press at Raleigh that the committee had recommended Morehead. As far as we are aware, these reports were never contradicted by the one omnipotent authority, and the public was left to infer that the committee had been correctly reported. We submit that as the committee was appointed to recommend a site, and in view of the fact that the report has not been made public, the conclusion reached by the committee could only be interpreted through your action. If, then, the committee reported in favor of Morehead, as the public was left to infer, why did Wilmington take no exception to the report? We answer: Because Wilmington was willing to abide by the report, and was in honor bound to do so, seeing that our representation before the Advisory Board had been a contributing cause of the appointment of the Committee, in whose disinterestedness we had entire confidence. Your action was accepted by the public as an interpretation of the report of the Committee, and thus was produced the very condition that you say would have elicited adverse criticism of the Committee from this quarter, and which you hoped to avert by withholding the report, and yet not a word of criticism of the Committee has emanated from Wilmington. Thus we have fact against theory.

Nor do we think the numerous analogies instituted by you can by any possibility be called parallels. As we understand it, the law requires the Governor to report to Legislature reasons for his pardons, commutations, etc., but there is no provision of the constitution or the laws requiring the Governor to make these reasons public in advance of his report to the Legislature. However, as a matter of fact, the Governor gives his reasons to the public for such acts; and as respects pardons and commutations the reasons assigned are generally a recommendation of the jury, solicitor, judge, etc. It is clearly within the right of the Governor to withhold such information from the public, but he sees fit to give it out voluntarily as justification of his acts. In such instances the public is informed through the press, so that the humblest citizen of the State has access to the information, and does not find it necessary to apply to the Governor in such matters. Indeed, we submit that publicity is given through the press in order to render unnecessary the personal application of citizens, and thus the humblest citizen in the State is not discriminated against. Again, the practice of the U. S. Senate in the matter of confirmations, investigations, affords no parallel. It is true that the Senate often withholds the information on which its acts are predicated, but when an appointment is not confirmed, the result of investigation is made public by the refusal to confirm. There are good and sufficient reasons for this, because both the private and official character of an appointee may be under investigation, and it is sufficient for the public to know that the Senate refuses to confirm. The public is not left in doubt as to the adverse report of the Senate, even in such matters, and where subjects of investigation are not of a personal nature, such for instance as sites for public buildings, army posts, naval yards, etc.; so we can only repeat that we fail to see wherein your citations are parallels with your treatment of the case in hand. The Committee appointed by you to examine into the relative advantages of Wrightsville and Morehead were dealing with mere physical facts in their relation to the best interest of the National Guard. No private or public character was involved, and in the nature of the case the report of the Committee could not have given rise to resentment, as is proven by the interpretation of their report through your action.

You pardon a criminal or commute a sentence on the recommendation of the judge, solicitor, jury, etc., and do not fail to publicly announce the basis of your action, while as a matter of fact there has perhaps never been a change of sentence by the Governor that has met with the unanimous approval of an entire community. We submit that it would have been in no wise incompatible with the public interest for you to have avowed your "reason" for selecting an encampment site, for we cannot admit that you have sustained your action on the ground of the "public good;" and if "reason" be permissible, why not the report?

The example of corporations making reports to the State Auditor is answered by yourself. These reports are of a private nature, and are not subject to publicity only because the State has no right to expose the secrets of the business of its citizens and make them subject to unfair use by competitors.

As we understand it, it is the duty of the Commander-in-Chief to select encampment sites with the sole purpose of conserving the interest of the National Guard. The question, therefore, is not whether encampments have been held more frequently at Wrightsville than at Morehead, but which of the two sites in the judgment of your committee was the more advantageous, or, in other words, what did the report recommend?

We cannot admit that our "request" for a copy of the report evidences a falling away of our traditional manhood. We are mindful of the fact that it is unwise to "demand" that which you are unwilling or unprepared to enforce, and we are frank to say that we did not consider the injustice done Wrightsville adequate cause for revolution. Nor do we see wherein a "demand" would have produced the report, inasmuch as you are the sole judge of whether or not we "are entitled to the report." Furthermore, our "request" should have had all the force of a "demand" with the Chief Executive of the State, and in making the "request" we felt that we were appealing to the Governor of North Carolina whose interest attached to every part of the State alike.

In conclusion, it is hardly necessary to assure you that the presence of the Governor among us is at all times a source of pleasure, but really we are at a loss to know the application of your address on Labor Day at Wrightsville to the matter in question.

Your Excellency, we respectfully, but earnestly, ask that you give us the report, or make it public.

Very respectfully,
WILMINGTON CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Mr. M. S. Willard, a member of the Executive Committee, addressed himself to the communications read and said he was absent at the former general meeting of the Chamber and the original meeting of the Executive Committee, being confined at home by sickness, but had he been present he would have opposed the resolutions then adopted; not that he didn't think Wrightsville's advantages were superior to those of Morehead, but that he did not agree with the tone of the resolutions. He did not think they showed the proper respect to the Governor, whom the speaker thought had acted in the matter for the best interests of the State. He said further that he was opposed to prolonging a correspondence that could accomplish no good, and might, in his opinion, do some harm. He then submitted the following substitute for the resolution prepared by Mr. Taylor:

Substitute by Mr. Willard.

WHEREAS, At a recent meeting of this Chamber certain resolutions were passed which have been construed by Governor Aycock as severely reflecting upon his integrity of purpose in selecting the site for this year's encampment of the State Guard; and

WHEREAS, In his reply to the resolutions previously passed the Governor still declines to furnish this Chamber with a copy of the committee's report, which was requested, and which in our opinion would have clearly shown the superior advantages of Wrightsville as a site for the encampment; therefore, be it

Resolved: That this Chamber disclaims any intention of reflecting upon his honesty or integrity, but we still think he has made a serious error of judgment in selecting Morehead as the site for the encampment, if the wishes of the State Guard or their comfort and convenience were to govern in the selection.

Resolved, further: That we do not consider the cases cited by the Governor as affording reasons for refusal to make public certain State documents as analagous to this case, and that we still fail to see any good reason why the report of the committee should not be made public and we regret that he declines to comply with our request to furnish us a copy of this report.

Resolved, further: That the Secretary of this Chamber be directed to forward to the Governor a copy of these resolutions.

Upon motion of Col. W. L. DeRosset, who said he failed to see where the Chamber or the community had impugned the honesty or integrity of the Governor, the substitute of Mr. Willard was tabled by a vote of 19 to 13. Mr. J. T. King moved the adoption of the reply prepared by Mr. Taylor; seconded by Mr. W. E. Perdew. Then followed the long discussion, Mr. William Calder leading in support of Mr. Taylor's reply to the Governor. Mr. Boney favored brevity in a reply, and thought the last clause printed in italics above and added at the suggestion of Mr. Calder would be sufficient. Mr. S. F. Craig thought the Governor had a good reason for sending the troops to Morehead because they would have to be hauled by the State's railroad. Mr. Willard spoke again, urging conservatism, and paying a tribute to President Bryan's management of the A. & N. C. Col. Walker Taylor and Maj. Wm. F. Robertson, of the Governor's staff, didn't mince words in expressing their disapproval of the Governor's action. Capt. J. Van B. Metts, regimental adjutant, also spoke straight from the shoulder regarding the matter. Mr. Sam Bear was of much the same opinion as Mr. Willard and thought the Chamber should be careful lest it go too far.

Upon a call of the question, the reply of Mr. Taylor, with the addition suggested by Mr. Calder, was adopted by a vote of 17 to 6, a number of the members having left the room in the meantime.

Take the children to the Casino—25 cents round trip on trolley line for children under twelve years.—No charge for children under 5 years. †

DIED.

THOMPSON—In New York the evening of the 3rd inst., Mrs J. CAMPBELL THOMPSON, formerly Miss Fannie Dawson, only daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. James Dawson.

Funeral from St. James' Church Saturday morning at 9:30. Burial in Oakdale. *

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

St. John's Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M.

Emergent communication this (Friday) evening at 8 o'clock for work in Fellow Craft Degree.
Visiting brethren are invited
By order of W. M.
R. C. MERRITT,
Secretary.
au 5 1t

The Unlucky Corner.

Shredded Pineapple.
Shredded Cocoanut.
Peerless Evaporated Cream.
Maraschino Cherries
Creme de Menthe Pineapple.
French Peas.
Lobster, Salmon Sliced and grated Pineapple, Edam Pineapple, Cream Cheese.
'Phone us an order.

S. W. SANDERS.
au 5 tf

The Morning Star.

WILLIAM H BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 5.

National Democratic Ticket.

For President:
ALTON B. PARKER,
of New York.
For Vice-President:
HENRY G. DAVIS,
of West Virginia.

State Democratic Ticket.

For Governor:
ROBERT B. GLENN.
For Lieutenant Governor:
FRANCIS D. WINSTON.
Associate Justices of Supreme Court:
W. A. HOKE,
GEORGE H. BROWN, JR.
State Auditor:
B. F. DIXON.
State Treasurer:
B. R. LACY.
Secretary of State:
J. BRYAN GRIMES.
Superintendent of Public Instruction:
J. Y. JOYNER.
Commissioner of Labor and Printing:
H. B. VARNER.
Corporation Commissioner:
S. L. ROGERS.
Commissioner of Agriculture:
S. L. PATTERSON.

A NEW SCANDAL AT WASHINGTON.

That the recent statistical bulletin issued by the Department of Commerce and Labor at Washington is a campaign document can hardly be doubted even by few Republicans much less by the Democrats of the land. The bulletin aims to furnish information that wages have increased in a greater ratio than the cost of living. Knowing that the Democrats would assail the Republican party for the high prices which are squeezed out of people for their living expenses, the Republican officials issue "Bulletin No. 53" to forestall the Democrats and the document is being sent out under the government frank, thus making use of it for partisan political purposes.

Congressman Cowherd, chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee, which has its headquarters at Washington and looks after the business of electing Democratic congressmen from the various States, long ago protested against putting a government bureau to any such base uses, but his protestations fell on deaf ears. For decency's sake, this protest should have been considered as well taken in the presence of a presidential campaign; but what does a Republican administration care for any impropriety or for anything that is the least unblushing? The subject of wages and the cost of living is something that comes home to everybody, and it will be interesting to readers generally to know the real facts in the case. However, every workingman in the country probably knows whether he is getting rich off the increase of his wages over the cost of his living. In discussing the futile attempts of the Bureau of Labor and Statistics to make it appear that wages make the increased cost of living insignificant, the Washington *Post* says:

It will be gratifying news to thousands of housekeepers, who have for a matter of three years now been lamenting the high cost of living, that wages have not only kept pace with the increased price of provender, but have actually shown a gain. This much we learn from the Official Bulletin of the Bureau of Labor, No. 53, for July, just issued.

It may or it may not be significant that the bulletin should make its appearance just at the outset of the campaign, but in either event it is important if true. There has been a general impression that the cost of living has increased far more rapidly than have wages, and not a great many months ago one of the leading commercial agencies of the country, whose deductions are regarded with the highest respect by the business interests of the country, showed in a table of staple food artitles that the increase in the cost of these articles ranged from 35 to 50 per cent. The *Post*, in its news columns, further showed that in many sections of the country strikes now raging are due to a material cut in wages. At all events, if the price of domestic staples essential to life has actually increased from 35 to 50 per cent.—and almost every housekeeper can form an opinion of his own whether the figures are exaggerated—it is hardly possible of demonstration that wages have shown the same ratio of increase.

But the statement that wages and the cost of living have advanced hand in hand comes from one of the statistical bureaus of the government, and if there is a householder whose personal experience has brought him to a contrary conclusion, he can readily convince himself of his error by reading the July bulletin issued under the jurisdiction of the Department of Commerce and Labor.

"The problem as here demonstrated has all the persuasive, not to say convincing, logic of the dinner given by Col. Sellers during one of his periods of temporary financial embarrassment. The colonel, it will be remembered, invited his friends to a lavish repast of raw turnips and water, and urged them to fall to with a hearty relish, with the comforting explanation that dining was largely a matter of imagination. Standing before a box stove in which the light of a candle gleamed cheerily through a screen of red paper, the colonel, lifting up his coat tail and expanding benevolently before the fictitious fire, carried his hypothesis about the mental illusion to which people surrendered themselves to the full limit of his practical philosophy, and actually argued that his feast was one of tangible comforts.

We conclude that a little of the buoyant American humor of Col. Sellers has percolated into the Department of Commerce and Labor, and is here manifesting itself in an array of facts and figures which, under ordinary circumstances, inspire a sense of weariness. It will tend to raise a serious question in the minds of many persons whether our statistical departments are conducted with sufficient care to inspire that confidence that should attach to records of this kind. With many this palpable misuse of the great statistical department of the government will do more than anything that has happened in a long time to cause all official statistics to be regarded with doubt and suspicion. This feeling will be aggravated by the rumor that the Republican campaign book is being compiled and prepared for the press in the Bureau of Statistics, by the chief of that bureau. If this is true, it is important that the public should know it, and Congress should feel enough interest in the matter to ascertain beyond question whether the source of our statistical data is being polluted by partisan hands. If a partisan text-book is compiled in the Department of Commerce and Labor, why not a bulletin on "Wages and the Cost of Living," when the showing therein made appears to be essential to silence facts which speak for themselves?

What the Post says of this matter applies to departmental administration under any party that may be in power. It is a monstrous idea that either the Republican or Democratic parties should make use of such an advantage. The Post is an independent paper, and, rightly, it never hesitates to expose the wrong in any political party. The Post is Johnny on the spot.

TWINKLINGS

—"Don't you think fiction is deteriorating?" "I guess you haven't read the two platforms."—Life.

— Little Willie—Say, pa, what's tha good of war, anyway? Pa—It takes a lot of brass bands to the front, my son.—Chicago Daily News.

—"Does the Captain say whether we shall break the record or not?" "Yes. He says either the record or the boiler must go." "How lovely!"—Tit-bits.

— Plain Living.—Yeast—Do you believe a man can live on breakfact food? Crimsonbeak—Why, sure! My barber lives on shavings.—Yonkers Statesman.

— They are digging up the oldest city in the world in Babylonia. Here in the United States they dig up the newest city in the world every day.—Boston Transcript.

— "He's had good luck at poker lately." "How do you know?" "I heard him remark this morning that it's a mistake to say poker isn't a thoroughly scientific game."—Philadelphia Press.

— Ambiguous.—Mr. Boreleigh—I've got the physical culture craze in my head. Do you think there is anything in it? Penelope—I certainly think there is something in physical culture.—Judge.

— Patent Medicine Proprietor—Did that chap we sent the gross of medicine to send us a testimonial? Secretary—Well, no; but we got cards of thanks from several of his heirs.—Puck.

Clerk—Mr. Muldoon, we have an order for hardwood kindlings, but the hardwood is all gone. Mr. Muldoon (dealer)—Send 'em soft wood. "They will notice the difference because soft wood burns too fast." "Bejabbers, thot's so. Wet it."—New York Weekly.

— His Telegram.—"I can remember," said Senator Sorghum, "when I sent the telegram that practically decided my political future." "Indeed! Was it addressed to a convention?" "No. To a man who was seeing about a campaign fund. It read: "Terms accepted. Draw on me at sight."—Washington Star.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— "We are constrained to keep silent on any subject," said the President in his speech of acceptance. That will be pleasing news to General Tyner.—Washington Post.

—— Carroll D. Wright says that our wages have been increased 18.8 per cent. While we have every respect for Mr. Wright's opinions, we would prefer to have the cashier give us that kind of information.—Washington Post.

—— According to Hon. Bourke Cockran, he fled from the St. Louis convention because he feared he might be asked to make a speech, and when he had arrived in Indianapolis hired a special train to take him back in the hope that he would be called upon for a speech. Even Bryan never took his oratory more seriously than that.

—— Chief Hammett's report to Governor Heyward of the constabulary seizures and dispensary sales seems to show that the people have become more law-abiding and drink more dispensary liquor.—Spartanburg Herald. Wrong. Expert evidence proves that crime increases with the consumption of dispensary liquor.—Greenville (S. C.) News.

— At the closing session of the Farmer's State Convention at Raleigh, on Wednesday, E. L. Daughtridge, of Edgecome, was elected president, John P. Kerr, of Asheville, vice president, and C. W. Burkitt, of Raleigh, secretary. In addition to these an executive committee of 97 members, one for each county in the State, is to be named by the president and the secretary. The session has been a most successful one. First and last there have been nearly four hundred farmers in attendance, such an increase over last year that a far greater attendance may be expected next year when the new agricultural building will be in place. The farmers who attended this time were all delighted and benefitted.

End of Bitter Fight.

"Two physicians had a long and stubborn fight with an abcess on my right lung," writes J. F. Hughes, of DuPont, Ga., "and gave me up. Everybody thought my time had come. As a last resort, I tried Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. The benefit I received was striking, and I was on my feet in a few days. Now I have entirely regained my health." It conquers all Coughs, Colds, and Throat and Lung troubles. Guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— The contract for the Southern Railway's new $60,000 depot at Asheville was let to J. A. Jones, of Charlotte, on Wednesday. Work will be commenced on August 18th.

— Raleigh News and Observer: Mr. F. B. Arendell, who is at Oconeechee, Gen. J. S. Carr's country place near Durham, reports that the General has been quite sick there with malarial fever, but is now much improved—a fact that will be learned with pleasure by his thousands of friends throughout the State.

— Raleigh News and Observer, Sept. 4th: The auditor's office was yesterday engaged in transmitting to the authorities of the various counties the lists of the stockholders of the various banks—State, National and private—throughout the State. The lists are to be used as aids to the collection of taxes on stocks in the banks and other corporations which come under the special control of the State laws.

— The Lumberton Cotton Oil and Ginning Company's plant is nearing completion and will be ready for operation by August 25th. It is in every respect a modern plant, thoroughly equipped with the most improved machinery. The cotton ginnery has a capacity of 100 bales per day. The oil mill has a capacity of 40 tons of meal a day. About 30 or 35 hands will be requred to operate the plant. Mr. R. E. L. Carroll, the superintendent, is an expert oil mill man of eleven years' experience.

— The Kinston Free Press states that thirteen cents was the highest price paid for tobacco at the opening sale at Kinston. Of the first tobacco sales at Greenville the Reflector says: "An encouraging feature of the sale was the good prices that prevailed, being fully fifty per higher than at the opening a year ago. Most of the offerings to-day were first primings, yet the prices ranged from 3 to 17 cents, which was very gratifying to the sellers. Smokers or first primings, green or dark, 3 or 4½ cents; bright and clean smokers, 5 to 9 cents; bright and clean cutters, 10 to 16 cents."

— On Wednesday in Forsyth county the Democrats held their first primary for the nomination of county officers. A surprisingly large vote was polled and there was no disturbance of ony kind. Mr. A. H. Eller, who successfully managed Capt. R. B. Glenn's gubernatorial campaign, was nominated for State Senator, defeating present Senator Frank T. Baldwin by a large majority. There were four candidates for sheriff—F. P. Alspaugh, present incumbent, and J. B. McCreary lead, and their contest will have to be decided in another primary. The vote for Register of Deeds is close, but it looks like toe chances favor H. W. Lindsay, present register. Treasurer H. L. Riggins is far in the lead, but it is highly probable that he and Geo. Beck; a one-armed Confederate soldier, will have to fight it out in the next primary. C. H. Hasten and J. D. Waddill were nominated as representatives without opposition.

— Col. John S. Cunningham, of Person, was in Raleigh on Wednesday attending the farmers' convention. Col. Cunningham watches tobacco conditions, and said to the *News and Observer*: "It is certain that the crop will be a small one, and the indications are for a good price. This may not come at first, though I am certain it will come. I feel safe in advising the tobacco farmers not to hurry their tobacco on the market, but to watch it and be guided by the figures. I expect a fine crop of tobacco as to quality, though not as to quantity. This shortage in the crop is caused by two conditions. First, the low price last season, which dissatisfied the farmers; second, the high price of cotton last season, which has induced many farmers to lessen their tobacco crop and increase their cotton crop. In the original bright tobacco belt—Durham, Granville, Person and a portion of Vance—the decrease in acreage will not be as great as in eastern counties, as in these the soil is especially adapted to tobacco raising, while in the east other crops can be raised. The peanut crop last year brought good prices in the east, and this will also cut off the tobacco crop there, as farmers who last season planted tobacco will go more largely into peanuts."

Raleigh News & Observer, Aug. 4: The Republican Congressional Convention for the Fourth district of North Carolina met yesterday at noon and as per program nominated W. C. Pearson, of Chatham, as the man to take the medicine from Congressman E. W. Pou. T. T. Hicks, the "meat chopping" Republican convert of Henderson, was named as the candidate for elector. So quietly were the proceedings conducted, and so small was the crowd in attendance, that few people in the city were aware of a "convention" being held, and even in the Court House building itself there was not even the suggestion of the unusual going on there. Some twenty-five or thirty office-holders and revenue men simply walked quietly up the stairs, tarried for a little space and, the slate having been written, slipped out as quietly as they came. A la mode of the past few years, there were no negroes among either the delegates or those who sat in the hall. A few of the "brothers in black" grouped themselves in front of the court house with a kind of idle interest in the doings within, but none dared to attempt to enter the convention. The meeting was presided over by Assistant District Attorney Giles and Postmaster C.T. Bailey was as usual a prominent figure.

Puts an End to It All.

A grievous wail of times comes as a result of unbearable pain from over taxed organs, Dizziness, Backache, Liver Complaint and Constipation; but thanks to Dr. King's New Life Pills they put an end to it all. They are gentle, but thorough. Try them. Only 25c. Guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

To Make a Bride

Many a woman would make a beautiful bride but she is deterred from entering the married state because of ill-health.

$500 REWARD FOR WOMEN

WHO CANNOT BE CURED.

The proprietors and makers of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription now feel fully warranted in offering to pay $500 in legal money of the United States, for any case of Leucorrhea, Female Weakness, Prolapsus, or Falling of Womb which they cannot cure. All they ask is a fair and reasonable trial of their means of cure.

"If women would study the laws of health and use a little more common sense there would not be such a large number to-day suffering with the ills peculiar to our sex," writes Mrs. Sallie Martin (President Mutual Social Science Club), of 180 South Halstead Street, Chicago, Ill. "Then when medicine is needed if they would take the 'Favorite Prescription,' they would have a chance to get well. I used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription three years ago and it cured me of female weakness of several years' standing, so I know what I am talking about when I praise it and always know what the result will be where it is used."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets should be used with "Favorite Prescription" whenever a laxative is required.

A FAMOUS CONSPIRACY.

The Plot to Liberate Marie Antoinette and Her Children.

After King Louis XVI. had been guillotined at the time of the French revolution a bold plot was formed by a few royalists to liberate Queen Marie Antoinette, her two young children and Mme. Elizabeth, the king's sister. These conspirators in chief were a curiously assorted trio. First in rank comes the Chevalier de Jarjayes, who had married one of Marie Antoinette's ladies in waiting, a shrewd and experienced soldier. The second and third of the chief partners in the scheme were jailers of the queen, Toulan and Lepitre. Toulan, once a book and music seller in Paris, was now a member of the commune, an indefatigable, gay, resourceful Gascon, honestly republican by conviction, but with a redhot Gascon heart for a woman in danger and distress. Lepitre was a schoolmaster and rhetorician. He had a seat on the provisional committee, and, more important by far to the interests of the conspiracy, he was president of the passports committee and could furnish the necessary passes.

A very likely plan had been elaborated. On a dark night of winter, Toulan and Lepitre being in charge of the prison, the queen and Mme. Elizabeth, disguised as municipal officials, were simply to walk out of the gate, as Louis Napoleon, in his carpenter's clothes, walked out of the chateau of Ham. The little Mme. Royale was to be dressed like the child of the prison lamplighter, and a loyal kitchen boy was to carry in a basket the small Louis XVII. Jarjayes would have three cabs in readiness, and the fugitives were to make for the coast of Normandy, where an English boat would stay for them. The scheme offered very considerable difficulties, but they were not insurmountable.

But the poor queen's luck was cold. Lepitre, a romantic coward, failed her when the time came to furnish the passports. One other chance was left. De Jarjayes and Toulan, doubly strong in their devotion after the defection of Lepitre, planned an escape for Marie Antoinette alone, but she would not leave her children. "It has been a beautiful dream," she wrote to Jarjayes. It was the last dream of liberty that she had.

Alexandrian Blue.

Artists often sigh for the secret of the rich, lasting colors used by the ancients. A French chemist has been analyzing the famous Alexandrian blue on some fragments of a mosaic from Pompeii, and he finds that the pigment was composed of sand and carbonate of chalk subjected to a very high temperature and mixed with copper. He has exactly reproduced the tint by this mixture. Alexandrian blue is the most "fixed" color known, however, and was manufactured in the time of the Ptolemies, being introduced into Italy early in the Christian era.

A German Revolt.

The Germans are resenting punishment for "majestaetsbeleidigung" more and more. Not long ago a teacher at Ottweiler was accused of speaking disrespectfully of the emperor. He denied the charge, but was nevertheless suspended and put on half pay. The whole town took his part. Every day he was invited to meals and otherwise cared for. A petition was sent to the government, and a boycott was placed on the merchant who had denounced him and who consequently had to go out of business.

Two Women and an Eagle.

Miss Lena Demann and Mrs. Viola Wikening of Cold Springs, Ind., captured an eagle the other day after a fierce fight. Armed with pitchforks, they attacked the eagle in a fence corner, where it was devouring a large turkey. The eagle got its talons fast in Miss Demann's clothes, and, being unable to extricate itself, Mrs. Wikening plunged the fork into the eagle and killed it. The bird measured six feet six inches from tip to tip.

Origin of a Family Name.

C. P. Reddrop of Chicago knows where his family got its name. Just under his left eye is a red mark, looking much like a strawberry.

"Every member of my family, as far back as can be traced, had such a mark somewhere on the left side of his or her body," said Mr. Reddrop. "We are convinced that the family name came from the fact that our ancestors had a red drop mark on their bodies."—Louisville Herald.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

(Quoted officially at the closing by the Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, August 4.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market firm at $2.35 per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.70 per barrel of 280 pounds.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm at $2.25 per barrel for hard, $3.75 for dip, $4.00 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin nothing doing; tar firm at $1.65; crude turpentine firm at $1.75, 3.00@3.35.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	31
Rosin	93
Tar	6
Crude turpentine	110

Receipts same day last year—86 casks spirits turpentine, 317 barrels rosin, 40 barrels tar, 216 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market nominal.
Same day last year, nothing doing.
Receipts— — bales; same day last year, —.

(Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.)

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, $1.30; extra prime, $1.35; fancy, $1.40, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, $1.05; extra prime, $1.07½; fancy, $1.10. Spanish, $1.10.

CORN—Firm; 60@65c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 13@15c per pound; shoulders, 12c; sides, 12½c.

EGGS—Dull at 15@16c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 35@40c; springs, 13½@20c.

TURKEYS—Firm at 12½@13c for live.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25@26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@5½c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 90@$1.00 per bushel.

BEEF CATTLE—Firm at 3@4c per pound.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—Money on call very easy at ¾@1 per cent.; closing bid ¾ per cent; offered at 1 per cent.; time loans steady; sixty days 2@2½ per cent.; ninety days 2@2½ per cent.; six months 2½@3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange steady at the decline, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487.95@488 for demand and at 485.20 for sixty-day bills. The posted rates were 486 and 488½@489. Commercial bills 484¾. Bar silver 58¼. Mexican dollars 45¾. U. S. refunding 2's, reg'd, 104½; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 104½; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 104½; do. coupon, ex int, 105; U.S. 4's, new, reg'd, 131; U. S. 4's, new, coupon, ex int, 131½. U.S. 4's, old, reg'd, 106½; do. coupon, 106½. Atlantic Coast Line 4's, 98½; Louisville & Nashville, unified 4's, 104¾; Seaboard Air Line 4's 78½; Southern Railway, 5's, 115¾. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio pref'd 93; Chesapeake & Ohio 33¾; Manhattan L 149¾; New York Central 118; Reading 52¼; do. 1st pref'd, 83½; do. 2nd pref'd 69; Southern Railway 35; do. pref'd 90; Amalgamated Copper 51½; People's Gas 100½; Tennessee Coal and Iron 44¾; U. S. Leather 7½; U. S. Leather preferred, 83½; Western Union 88¾; U. S. Steel 13; do. preferred 60½; Mexican Central 9¼; Virginia Carolina Chemical, 27; sales 100 shares; do. preferred, closed 103¾; sales 400 shares. Standard Oil 628.

BALTIMORE, MD., Aug. 4.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 9¾@9¾; do. preferred, 17¾@17¾; do. bonds, fours, —; Atlantic Coast Line, common, 117¼@117¼; do. preferred. —.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—Rosin firm. Spirits turpentine dull at 56@56½c.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 4.—Spirits turpentine firm at 52½c; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — barrels: A, B, C $3 80; D, $3 85; E, $3 40; F, $3 45; G, $3 50; H, $3 65; I, $3 10; K, $3 45; M, $3 70; N, $3 80; W G, $4 22½; W W, $4 47½.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 4.—Spirits turpentine was firm at 53½c; receipts 904 casks; sales 735 casks; exports 87 casks. Rosin was firm; receipts 2,944 barrels; sales 1,957 barrels; exports 565 barrels: A, B, C, $3 35@3 40; D, $3 40@3 45; E, $3 50; F, $3 55; G, $3 60; H, $3 75; I, $3 80; K, $3 65; M $3 90; N, $4 00; W G, $4 42½; W W, 67½.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 4.—The cotton market opened steady at a decline of two to four points, which was a very poor response to the lower Liverpool cables and the generally favorable interpretation of the weather map. It sold a point or two lower on some months in the early trading, reaching a net decline of about two to six points, but was quickly rallied by a renewal of bull support, and while fluctuations were more or less irregular during the balance of the session the undertone was generally steady. At one time prices were about four to five points higher on more active positions and the close was very steady at a net advance of two to four points. Sales were estimated at 175,000 bales. Considering the bearishness of yesterday's bureau report there was surprisingly little cotton offering, particularly as the cables indicated heaviness abroad and as the day's weather map made a fairly favorable showing. But it looked almost as though the assertion of the bulls that every one had sold who would sell on good crop news was not very far from the mark, for while the news in this respect seemed to restrict covering it was very evident that something fresh would be required to stimulate offerings. But while there was so little pressure, it was also plain that no aggressive attempt was being made to advance prices. During the entire session five or six brokers stood around the ring without making any show whatever until a selling order would make its appearance that threatened a decline, when they would immediately take all that was offering. The bulls, however, seemed perfectly content to hold prices at the present level and were thought to be selling on very firm spots, evidently with a view of holding their lines at about last night's figures. Houston reported new crop receipts of 126 bales. Fair exports were reported, considering stocks are now below 100,000 bales for the first time this season, the total being less than half of last year's figures.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—Cotton was quoted quiet at 10.45c, net receipts — bales; gross receipts — bales; stock 38,560 bales.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 10.45c; middling gulf 10.70c; sales 600 bales.

Cotton futures closed very steady: August 9.99, September 9.73, October 9.61, November 9.51, December 9.55, January 9.55, February 9.57, March 9.60.

Total to day, at all seaports—Net receipts, 615 bales; exports to Great Britain 870 bales; exports to France 119 bales; exports to the Continent 1,672 bales; exports to Japan — bales; exports to Mexico — bales; stock 97,792 bales.

Consolidated, at all seaports—Net receipts 7,216 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,976 bales; exports to France 1,001 bales; exports to the Continent 3,033 bales; exports to Japan 1,405 bales; exports to Mexico 483 bales.

Total since September 1st, at all seaports—Net receipts 7,122,472 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,489,898 bales; exports to France 699,033 bales exports to the Continent 2,506,602 bales; exports to Japan 46,195 bales; exports to Mexico 37,310 bales.

August 4.—Galveston, was quiet at 10¼c, net receipts 9 bales; Norfolk, nominal, net receipts 100 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 11.25c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 10.45c, net receipts 5 bales; Wilmington, nominal, net receipts — bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 10.70c, net receipts — bales; Savannah, quiet at 10¾c, net receipts 348 bales; Mobile, nominal at 10, net receipts — bales; Memphis, steady at 10½c, net receipts 140 bales; Augusta, steady at 10⅝, net receipts 144 bales; Charleston, nominal at —, net receipts — bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—Flour was firm with a slightly improved demand. Wheat—Spot strong; No. 2 red nominal. Options closed strong at 2¾@2¾c net advance; September closed $1 01¾; December closed $1 01¼c; May closed $1 02¾. Corn—Spot firm; No. 2 57¾. Options closed 6¼@6¾c net higher; September closed 57½c; December closed 55¾c. Oats—Spot dull; mixed, 41@43c. Lard was steady; Western steam $7 25; refined steady; continent $7 30; compound 5¾@6¼c. Butter steady to firm at unchanged prices; creamery, common to extra 13@17¼c; State dairy, common to extra 12@17c. Cheese about steady; State, full cream, small colored fancy 8c; small white fancy 7½c. Pork steady. Eggs firmer; State, Pennsylvania and nearby extras 24@25c; Southern 15@17c. Peanuts steady; fancy hand-picked 6¼c; other domestic 3¾@6¼c. Cabbages quiet; Long Island per barrel crate, 25@50c. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton by steam 12. Molasses firm. Potatoes steady; Long Island, in bulk, per 180 lbs, $1 50@3 00; Jersey and Southern $1 50@1 75; Southern sweets $3 50@4 50. Sugar—Raw firm; refined firm. Tallow steady. Rice steady. Cotton seed oil was fair, with an active business: Prime crude, f. o. b. mills 32c; prime summer yellow 26¾@27c; off summer yellow nominal; prime white 31c; prime winter yellow 31c.

CHICAGO, ILL., August 4.—Sensational reports of damage by rust to curing wheat caused intense excitement to-day on the Board of Trade, resulting in a sharp advance in prices. At one time the September was up 3¾ to 3¾, compared with the lowest figures of the day. The market closed almost at the top, Septemb r showing a net gain of 2¾ to 2¾, over last night's quotations. Other cereals were affected by the strength of wheat, corn closing at an advance. Oats are up 1 8 to 1-4c. Provisions show a gain of 7½ to 12½c.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—Cash prices: Flour—Market firm. Wheat—No. 2 spring $1 02@3 03; No. 3 spring 93c@$1 00; No. 2 red 95¾@99¾c. Corn—No. 2 53c; No. 2 yellow 53¾@54¼c. Oats—No. 2 34¼@34¾c; No. 2 white 35@37½c; No. 3 white 35@37½c. Rye—No. 2 64c. Mess pork, per bbl., $12 95@13 00. Lard, per 100 lbs, $6 90@6 92½. Short rib sides, loose, quoted $7 55@7 75. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, no report. Short clear sides, boxed, $8 00@8 25. Whiskey—Basis of high wines, $1 28.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 September, old, 94½@95, 98¾, 94¾, 98¾c; do. new, 93¾@94, 97¼@97½, 98¾, 97¼c: December 93¾@93¾, 97¼, 93¾, 97¼c; May 95¾@95¾, 99¾, 95¾, 99¼c. Corn—No. 2 August 52, 52¾, 52, 52¼; September 51¼@51¾, 52¾, 53¾, 52¾@52¾; December 48@48¾, 49¼, 47¾, 49¼c. Oats—No. 2 September 33¾@@34, 34¼@34¾, 33¼@33¾, 44¼c; December 34½@34¾, 35@35½, 34, 35@35¼c; May 36¼@33¾, 37, 35¾, 36¾c. Mess pork, per bbl—September $12 80, 13 00, 12 80, 12 95; October $12 87½, 13 02½, 12 87½, 12 97½. Lard, per 100 lbs—September $6 87½, 7 02½, 6 87½, 7 00; October $6 95, 7 07½, 6 95, 7 97½. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—September $6 60, 7 70, 7 60, 7 70; October $7 62½, 7 70, 7 62½, 7 70.

NEW YORK COFFEE FUTURES.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—Coffee—Spot Rio steady; No. 7 invoice 7½c; mild steady; Cordova 9¼@13c. The market for coffee futures opened steady at unchanged prices to an advance of 5 points, and was finally steady, net unchanged to 5 points higher. Sales 22,500 bags.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 4.—Cotton: Spot, moderate demand; prices four points lower; American middling fair 6.26d; good middling 6.13d; middling 6.00d; low middling 5.84d; good ordinary 5.62d; ordinary 5.38d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 200 bales were for speculation and export and included 6,000 bales American. Receipts 6,000 bales, including 2,800 bales American.

Futures opened quiet and closed quiet; American middling (g o c): August 5.75d; August and September 5.58d; September and October 5.34d; October and November 5.22d; November and December 5.18d; December and January 5.15; January and February 5.14d; February and March 5.15d; March and April 5.15d.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

C. C. Railroad—23 barrels crude turpentine.

W. & W. Railroad—2 casks spirits turpentine, 9 barrels rosin, 6 barrels tar, 75 barrels crude turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—19 casks spirits turpentine, 25 barrels rosin, 13 barrels crude turpentine.

Schooner Addie May—10 casks spirits turpentine, 59 barrels tar.

Total—31 casks spirits turpentine, 93 barrels rosin, 6 barrels tar, 110 barrels crude turpentine.

To the Mountain Resort.

For rates, schedules or any information, 'phone No. 160—W. J. Craig, General Passenger Agent, Atlantic Coast Line. "No trouble to answer questions." †

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Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Quality, Style, Wear.

In selecting footwear get good material, finish and fit, together with service. To accomplish this you want to have reliable maker and shapely taste.

With us you will find only the best. Take Selz line—can't improve on them.

Selz Royal Blue at..... $3.50
Selz Perfecto at..... 3.00
have style and wear.

We have other makes for style and finish. Cannot be excelled. Drop in and see them.

Geo. R. French & Sons,
jy 10 tf 108 North Front Street.

The Downfall of China.

To make room for new goods I will for the next ten days offer special prices: 20 per cent. discount on all Fancy China, Cut Glass and Fine Lamps. Also 10 per cent. discount on Plain White and Decorated Dinnerware, Toilet Sets and Glassware. See

F. A. BISSINGER,
jy 22 tf 119 Market Street.

DON'T BE LED ASTRAY!

A suit of Eff Eff Clothing is as good as money can buy and I am in position to save you some on your purchase.

Come see me for Summer Underwear. I have a nice assortment; also, a large assortment of Neckwear, Shirts and Collars at reasonable prices.

Suits to order and fit guaranteed.

J. W. H. FUCHS

P. S.—I have the Shoe for tender feet. 'Phone 800.
my 19 tf

When you buy, buy because an article is good, not because it's merely cheap.

Isn't it better to go to a store for clothes whose reputation tells you the goods are reliable—where you know the highest standards are always maintained? We believe you'll agree it is. And what store does reputation speak so highly of as of

J. M. SOLKY & CO.,

ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS.

Look to us for the suits you're considering buying now. The lines of two-piece suits are particularly atrong—showing more than we ever did

Prices, $10 to $20.

jy 30 tf

OUR STOCK OF

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is composed of the most modern improvements in that line. All sizes.

Ice Cream Freezers

of every description. "The Twentieth Century" Freezer is a favorite. Simply pack with salt and ice and let it stand. No churning necessary.

These are days when Wire Screens, Doors and Window Screens are an absolute necessity. We have them all sizes.

Special Agents—Howe Scales, Peninsular Stoves, Laflin & Rand Powder.

Loaded Shells, especially adapted for trap shooting.

Full line of sporting goods, Lawn Mowers, Garden Tools, Farm Implements.

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Institute for Young Women & Conservatory of Music. The Best Place for Your Daughter
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High Standard
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SOUTHERN SEED RYE.

112 BUSHELS SEED RYE.

Send your orders to

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Importer and Jobber, 308, 310 and 312 Nutt Street,
Wilmington, N. C.

GET IT AT AHREN'S. GET IT

REPORT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE ATLANTIC Trust and Banking Co., at Wilmington, in the State of North Carolina, at the close of business, June 9th, 1904.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$ 390,319 16
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		56 17
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		100 00
Demand loans		55,720 00
Due from Banks and Bankers		23,519 95
Checks and other cash items		958 94
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:		
Gold coin	$10 00	
Silver coin	332 28	
National Bank Notes and other U. S. Notes	635 00	977 28
Total		$481,181 50

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 80,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	11,840 59
Individual deposits subject to check	385,567 46
Time certificates of deposit	31,778 00
Certified checks	1,408 00
Cashier's checks outstanding	587 45
Total	$ 481,181 50

State of North Carolina, county of New Hanover, ss.:

I, M. F. Allen, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

M. F. ALLEN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of June, 1904.

JAMES OWEN REILLY, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:
L. B. ROGERS,
JNO H. KUCK,
ROBERT H. BELLAMY,
} Directors.
je 16 tf

BAGGING AND TIES

will advance in price if the good crop prospects continue.

Get Our Price Now.

Now, too, is the time to engage your Fall supply of

CHEESE. JERSEY CHEESE

is the very best.

Crackers, Cakes, Canned Goods and Salt Fish.

General Groceries.

THE WORTH CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.
jy 31 tf

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

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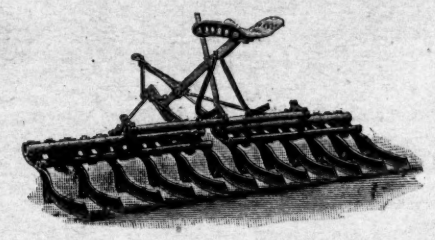
FOR THE FOLLOWING FARM MACHINES



Acme Harrows, Cuttaway Harrows. Averys and Steel King, Polished Cast Steel Plows, Guano Distributors, Cotton Plows, Cotton Planters, Cotton Hoes. Buy Dixie Plows. All kiuds of Farming Implements.

Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

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BUTTER, CHEESE.

We are selling the best Butter and Cheese sold on the market. Get our prices before buying.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

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$1.00 ---- One Dollar ---- $1.00

ROUND TRIP TO

Wrightsville Beach, N. C.,

INCLUDING SUPPER AT THE

Seashore Hotel.

jy 21 tf

A SACRIFICE

5,000 Yards Zephyr Ginghams at 5 Cents Yard.

S. & B. SOLOMON.

jy 31 tf

You Will Find

Herpicide, the great Dandruff cure, Liquizone, Doan's Kidney Pills, Doan's Ointment, Hentz Bitters, Hyomi-Crani-Tonic Hair Food, and all the popular patent remedies at

Hardin's Palace Pharmacy,

126 South Front St.

P. S.—Phone 55 and we will send for your prescriptions at once.

my 24 tf

Wanted.

5,000 pounds Beeswax.

6,000 pounds Wool.

1,000 pounds Cow Hides.

Prices furnished on application.

SAM'L BEAR, SR, & SONS,

Wilmington, N. C., Box 3.

a 19 tf D&W tf

Brought to His Senses

[Original.]

Before the window of a railroad ticket office at Chicago stood a young lady very daintily dressed, very feminine and with the manner of one not used to traveling alone. She was fumbling in her hand bag for her pocketbook. Behind her, waiting his turn, was a young man, also of a very genteel appearance.

"Isn't it in your pocket?" suggested the young man deferentially.

"Pocket? I haven't a pocket."

"Next!" cried the unfeeling ticket vender.

"Two to New York," said the young man, producing two twenty dollar bills and securing two tickets.

"Permit me," he said to the girl, "to offer you this ticket. You can send me the amount when you reach New York. Come, we have but two minutes."

Without waiting for a reply he seized her belongings, carried them to a drawing room car and paid for her seat; then gave her a card, "Reginald Grant, M—— club." This done, he went to his seat, took up a paper and began to read.

It was not long before the porter handed him a card, "Miss Edna Thorne," and said the young lady desired to speak to him. Grant dropped his paper and hastened to her chair.

"You gave me no opportunity to thank you," she said. "Your offer to pay the fare of a stranger, taking the risk"—

"There is no risk," he interrupted, "I know a lady when I see her. Rather I consider it a compliment that you should accept the favor from one whom you have never met before."

This completed the introduction and the two passed much time in chat during the trip. When they reached the Grand Central station at New York a carriage was waiting for Miss Thorne. Mr. Grant put her in, lifted his hat and went his way.

Jonathan Thorne, the father of the young lady, when informed of the episode was much displeased with his daughter's action.

"You should have returned to your uncle's," he said, "got what money you needed from him and come by another train."

Edna explained that it was all done so quickly that she had no time to consider, but this did not appease her father, whose ideas of the relations of young people of opposite sexes were rather Parisian than American.

The next evening before dinner Mr. Grant was sitting in the coffee room in his club when he received a card, and, proceeding to the reception room, met the father of his traveling companion.

"I have come to pay my daughter's debt," said the gentleman coldly. "I should have preferred that she should have waited and received the funds from a different source."

Grant smothered his indignation and apologized for his action. Mr. Thorne took out his pocketbook and, as it was necessary to send to the office for change, laid it on the table. When the account had been adjusted he left the club and neglected to take up the pocketbook. Grant saw it and took charge of it. Half an hour later Mr. Thorne drove again to the club door. Grant, who was expecting him, was looking out of a window and recognized in the coachman one he often used himself. Instead of responding at once to Mr. Thorne's card the young man went out to the coachman.

"I want you to do me a favor and I'll make it all right with you," he said to the man. "Go into the club, right past the doorkeeper and into the reception room. There you will find the gentleman you drove here. Demand your fare. Accuse him of trying to beat you. Be violent and abusive."

The coachman knew that a rich fee was in store for him and played his part well. When Grant entered the reception room the man was shouting:

"I want my fare, and I won't be beaten out of it."

"I left my pocketbook here, I tell you, and as soon as I get it I'll pay you."

"That won't do. Give me my fare, I say."

"What is the trouble, Mr. Thorne?" asked Grant politely.

"When I left here my pocketbook was on that table. This fiscal"—

"Don't be alarmed, Mr. Thorne," interrupted Grant. "All articles left in the club are deposited at the office, but there's a good deal of red tape about it. Meanwhile I shall be happy to supply the amount."

Mr. Thorne declined the favor with dignity, and at a wink from Grant the coachman recommenced his abuse. Faces of inquisitive clubmen appeared at the door. Mr. Thorne finally surrendered, and Grant paid the indebtedness.

"Be seated, Mr. Thorne," he said after the coachman had left. "I will go to the office and inquire for your pocketbook."

Leaving the room, he soon returned with the missing article.

"I am pleased, Mr. Thorne," he said, "to have had an opportunity to make some reparation for my fault in respect to your daughter. I bid you a very good evening."

He turned on his heel and was leaving the room when the other stopped him.

"Mr. Grant," he said, "I have been very harsh and ungrateful. I thank you for your loan to my daughter as well as to myself, and beg that you will drive home with me and dine with us, that my daughter may also have an opportunity to express her gratitude."

That was the beginning of marked attentions on the part of Mr. Grant to Miss Thorne.

HESTER B. MERIWETHER.

Corralling a Client.

A leading king's counsel recently said at his club in London that he was indebted for his rise in the world to the active co-operation of a humble but resourceful individual.

In the days when he was a briefless barrister he went one afternoon to read in the Inner Temple library. He had not been there long when his small errand boy appeared, greatly excited and breathless from running.

"If you please, sir," the boy gasped, "a gentleman is waiting for you at the chambers with a brief. He can't get out, sir. I've locked him in."

Together the barrister and the boy hurried back to the chambers, and the gentleman with a brief, who was amused at his capture, afterward became a most valuable client.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Beverage of Health

Schlitz

Pure beer—Schlitz beer—is the best drink in the world for you.

The malt is a food; the hops a tonic. The alcohol—only 3½ per cent—is an aid to digestion; a healthful stimulant.

The most healthy nations in the world—the most hardy, most energetic—drink the most of it.

But the beer must be pure. Impurity means harmful germs. That is why we brew Schlitz in absolute cleanliness—why we filter even the air that touches it and sterilize every bottle.

And the beer must be aged. Green beer causes biliousness. That's why we age Schlitz for months before we market it.

Schlitz beer is absolutely pure; it can't harm you. Ask for the Brewery Bottling.

Phone 198, Sol. Bear & Co., 20 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

2

The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous.

Dress in the Commons.

There is one point about the house of commons that strikes an occasional visitor afresh every session, and that is the well groomed appearance of the members. Taking it all in all, the house is probably the best dressed assembly in the world. In the American house of representatives it is just the other way about. The ordinary congressional costume is a long and very loose frock coat, a low cut waistcoat, a turned down collar, a white bow and a derby or felt hat. At first glance you might easily take congress for an assembly of dissenting ministers.—London Chronicle.

Fireman's Water Hat.

The Berlin fire brigade is experimenting with a device called a water hat. It consists of the addition to the ordinary helmet of a circular rose which sprays water at an angle of forty-five degrees in a downward direction. The pipe which leads to this rose is to be attached to the nozzle of an ordinary fire hose. When in use the fireman is protected, as far as the head and face are concerned, by a curtain of water, which, besides its coolness, gives him pure air to breathe, even in the midst of a dense smoke, as it acts as a condensing medium and also as a filter.

Russia's Great Debt.

The public debt of Russia is $3,300,000,000, her gold reserve is about $400,000,000, and there is perhaps $340,000,000 in gold in circulation in the empire. M. de Witte said recently at a meeting of the council of state: "The imposition of direct and indirect taxes upon population has reached the last possible limit. To lay any further burden upon the tax paying power will not only be fruitless of results, but can hardly be regarded as permissible in the present economic condition of the country."

Suicide Prevented.

The startling announcement that a preventive of suicide had been discovered will interest many. A run down system or despondency invariably precede suicide, and something has been found that will prevent that condition which makes suicide likely. At the first thought of self destruction take Electric Bitters. It being a great tonic and nervine will strengthen the nerves and build up the system. It's also a great Stomach, Liver and Kidney regulator. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

Reduced Rates

—VIA—

Seaboard Air Line R'y.

Nashville, Tenn., Inter-state Teachers' Association, August 10-12, 1904. Tickets on sale August 8th, 9th, 10th, with final limit August 15th. For the round trip $17.75.

Salisbury, N. C., Annual convention and Tournament North Carolina State Firemen's Association August 2-5th. Tickets on sale August 1st, 2nd, 3rd, with final limit to August 8th. For round trip $6.80.

Boston, Mass., National Encampment G. A. R. August 15-20th, 1904. Tickets on sale August 12th, 13th and 14th, final limit to leave Boston not earlier than August 16th and not later than August 20th, except by depositing fifty cents with joint agent at Boston, for an extension of time. For the round trip from Wilmington, via all rail, (new line) $22.50; via New York and Sound, $21.25; via Portsmouth and steamship, $24.40

Asheville, N. C., August 28th, 29th, 30th, final limit September 3rd. For round trip from Wilmington $7.65

Chattanooga, Tenn., September 11th, 12th, final limit September 20th, except that an extension till September 30th may be secured. For round trip from Wilmington $15.75.

For full information as to routes, stopovers and schedules, apply to

jy 27 tf E. B. WILLIAMSON, Agent.

THE REAL TEST

Of Herpicide Is In Giving It a Thorough Trial.

There is only one test by which to judge of the efficiency of any article and that is by its ability to do that which it is intended to do. Many hair vigors may look nice and smell nice, but the point is—do they eradicate Dandruff and stop falling hair?

No, they do not, but Herpicide does, because it goes to the root of the evil and kills the germ that attacks the papilla from whence the hair gets its life.

Letters from prominent people everywhere are daily proving that Newbro's Herpicide stands the "test of use."

It is a delightful dressing, clear, pure and free from oil or grease.

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

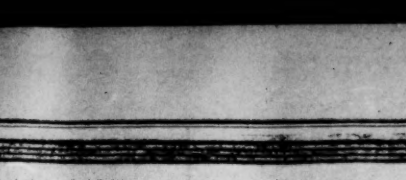
HARDIN'S PHARMACY, Special Agent.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

ENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philadelphia, Pa.



SUMMER SCHEDULE ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, JUNE 5TH.

Boat leaves Wilmington daily except Saturday and Sunday.	For Southport.	For Carolina Beach. A. M.	For Carolina Beach. P. M.	Leave Southport for Wilmington. A. M.	Leave Carolina Beach for Wilmington.
	9.15 A. M.	9.15	2.45, 5.15	11.45	12.30, 3.30, 6 P. M.
Saturday Schedule...	5.00 and 2.00 P. M.	2.00 P. M.		8.00 A. M., 5.00 P. M.	9.00 A. M., 6.00 P. M.
		A. M.	P. M.		P. M.
Sunday Schedule.....	9.30 A. M., 2.30 P. M.	2.30	2.30, 7.45	11.45 A. M., 4.45 P. M.	12.30, 6, 8.45

Fare on 5:15 Boat to Pier and return 15 cents.
Extra trips will be made to Carolina Beach on special occasions.

je 2 tf J. W. HARPER.

H R E S A N S.

CITY LIVERY CO.

jy 12 tf 'PHONE 15.

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK,

of Wilmington, N. C.

(Organized March, 1899.)

Capital and Surplus	$ 450,000 00
Deposits	1,400,000 00
Assets over	2,000,000 00

Only five years old but with largest capital, assets and business in this section offers the best service.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

jy 23 2t

C. W. Yates & Co.,

Wholesale and Retail Booksellers and Stationers.

Depository for School Books adapted by the State of North Carolina.

School Furniture and School Supplies of all kinds.

117 Market Street, Wilmington, N. C.

jy 24 tf

FOR SALE ONE FARM CART.

We have for sale cheap one good farm cart, first class, everything new. Can be seen at our place of business. Will sell for cash or on approved security.

Also, groceries of every description. We are headquarters. Call and get our prices. They are all right.

D. L. GORE CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Importers, Wilmington, N. C.

Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills,

AND ALL KINDS

Saw Mill Machinery.

Any wheel work to be pressed on or off can be done promptly with the only Hydrostatic Wheel Press in the city, 200 tons capacity.

Cape Fear Machine Works.

Machinists and Founders, Foot of Mulberry Street.

jy 8 tf

THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

with capital and surplus of about $400,000, and deposits over $1,200,000, upon which it pays no interest, is in exceptional position to handle your accounts to your entire satisfaction. If not with us try us.

DIRECTORS:

William Calder, H. B. Short, Charles C. Chadbourn, George R. French, C. W. Yeats, J. H. Chadbourn, D. T. McKeithan, H. L. Vollers, D. McEachern, M. J. Heyer, N. A. Hunt, W. E. Worth, John S. Armstrong.

jy 20 tf

DUCRO'S ELIXIR

ALIMENTARY

Highly recommended for its TONIC Properties and as a Preventive for

All Kinds of Fevers.

E. DUCROS & CO. 26-30 N. William St., N. Y.

TO THE SEASHORE!

SUBURBAN TROLLEY SCHEDULE.

In Effect July 23rd, 1904.

Leave Front and Princess Sts., Wilmington.	Leave Casino Wrightsville Beach.
*8 00 A. M.	*8 40 A. M.
*7 00 A. M.	7 30 A. M.
*8 00 "	*8 00 "
9 00 "	*9 30 "
10 00 "	9 00 "
11 00 "	10 00 "
12 00 M	11 00 "
1 00 P. M.	12 00 M.
1 30 "	1 00 P. M.
2 00 "	2 00 "
2 30 "	2 30 "
3 00 "	3 00 "
3 30 "	3 30 "
4 00 "	4 00 "
4 30 "	4 30 "
5 00 "	5 00 "
5 30 "	5 30 "
6 00 "	6 00 "
6 30 "	6 30 "
7 00 "	7 00 "
7 30 "	7 30 "
8 00 "	8 00 "
8 30 "	8 30 "
9 00 "	9 00 "
9 30 "	9 30 "
10 00 "	10 00 "
10 30 "	10 30 "
11 00 "	11 00 "
11 30 "	11 30 "
	12 00 "

*Daily except Sunday

The Company is not responsible for the operation of this schedule.

The first car leaving the Casino at 7:30 A. M will make no stops after leaving Wrightsville, arriving in Wilmington at 8:00 A. M. The second car leaving at 7:30 A. M. will make all stops reaching Front and Princess streets at 8:29 A. M.

A. C. L. & S. A. L. CONNECTIONS

TRAINS ARRIVING

Arrive in Wilmington.	Arrive at the Beach.
A. C. L. 10 10 A. M.	11 45 A. M.
" 1 40 "	1 45 P. M.
" 12 30 P. M.	3 15 "
S. A. L. 12 45 "	2 45 "
A. C. L. 1 40 "	7 25 "
" 6 00 "	

TRAINS LEAVING

Leave Wilmington.	Leave the Beach.
A. C. L. 8 45 A. M.	7:30 A. M.
" 9 00 "	7 30 "
" 2 25 P. M.	1 00 P. M.
S. A. L. 3 10 "	2 00 "
A. C. L. 5 50 "	5 30 "

Through cars for the Beach will connect with all important trains. In other cases conductors will assist passengers with baggage at transfer points and give any information required.

BAGGAGE.

From	Delivered at Beach.
A. C. L. due 10 10 A. M.	5 00 P. M.
" " 12 30 P. M.	" "
S. A. L. " 12 45	" "
A. C. L. " 1 40 "	" "
" " 5 00 "	9 00 "
" " 9 00 "	" "
" " 11 45 "	11 00 A. M.

For	Carried on Freight Leaving Beach.
A. C. L. due to leave at 8 45 A. M.	7 30 A. M.
" " " 9 00 "	" "
" " " 2 25 P. M.	11 30 "
S. A. L. " " 3 10 "	" "
A. C. L. " " 6 53 "	5 30 P. M.
" " 6 00 A. M.	5 30 "

FREIGHT.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Beach.
10 00 A. M.	7 30 A. M.
4 00 P. M.	11 30 P. M.
8 30 "	5 30 "

Warehouse open to receive freight daily except Sunday from 8.30 A. M. to 8.30 P. M. Sunday from 9.30 A. M. to 10.00 A. M.; 3.00 P. M. to 4.00 P. M., and 7.30 P. M. to 8.30 P. M.

The Company has a baggage room and ticket office at Wrightsville Beach for handling all express parcels, baggage, validating foreign tickets and the selling of regular round trip tickets. This office will be open daily except Sunday from 7.00 A. M. to 7.50 A. M.; 11.00 A. M. 5.30 P. M. Sundays: 7.00 A. M. to 7.30 A. M.; to 11.00 A. M. to 12.00 M.; 5.00 P. M. to 5.30 P. M.

CITY LINE,

North bound city cars leaving junction at 2.30, 2.40, 3.50 and 8.00 P. M. will run direct to the S. A. L. depot.

je 26 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. 3 Passg'r Trains Arrive	GOING EAST. 3 Passg'r Trains Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Passg'r Trains Arrive	GOING WEST. 4 Passg'r Trains Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	.....
.....	4 32	Kinston	10 13	.....
5 40	5 50	Newbern	8 37	2 00
7 02	7 07	Morehead City	7 23	7 27
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.25 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train arriving at Goldsboro 5.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 5.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 23 tf S. L. DILL, Supt.

WE ARE DRUGGISTS

and would like to get you to let us send for your prescriptions and fill them accurately. We want and invite you to do this.

BULLUCK & COWAN,

313 North Front St.

'Phone 150. jy 30 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect April 17, 1904.

NORTHBOUND.

	No 48	No 42
Lv Wilmington	9 00 a m	6 50 p m
Ar Goldsboro	12 25 p m	9 32 p m
Ar Wilson	1 16 p m	10 25 p m
Ar Rocky Mount	1 55 p m	11 10 p m
Ar Norfolk	5 55 p m	.....
Ar Weldon	4 55 p m	1 47 a m
Ar Petersburg	6 55 p m	3 23 a m
Ar Richmond	7 45 p m	4 07 a m
Ar Washington	11 50 p m	7 54 a m
Ar Baltimore	1 43 a m	9 00 a m
Ar Philadelphia	4 25 a m	11 22 a m
Ar New York	7 30 a m	2 00 p m

SOUTHBOUND.

	No 41	No 49
Lv New York	9 30 a m	9 25 p m
Ar Philadelphia	11 55 a m	12 01 a m
Ar Baltimore	2 07 p m	2 32 a m
Ar Washington	3 21 p m	3 45 a m
Ar Norfolk	.....	9 00 a m
Ar Richmond	7 15 p m	8 38 a m
Ar Petersburg	8 05 p m	9 45 a m
Ar Weldon	9 51 p m	11 50 a m
Ar Rocky Mount	10 51 p m	1 10 p m
Ar Wilson	11 33 p m	2 00 p m
Ar Goldsboro	6 45 a m	3 10 p m
Ar Wilmington	10 10 a m	6 00 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

SOUTHBOUND

	Daily.	Daily.	Daily
Lv Wilmington	6 00 a m	3 30 p m	6 50 p m
Ar Florence	9 25 a m	7 30 p m	2 55 a m
Ar Charleston	1 10 p m	11 25 p m	6 48 a m
Ar Savannah	6 45 p m	2 50 a m	9 03 a m
Ar Jacksonville	.....	6 45 a m	1 45 p m
Ar Tampa	.....	7 25 p m	10 35 p m

NORTHBOUND.

	Daily.	Daily
Lv Tampa	8 05 p m	7 10 a m
Ar Jacksonville	8 00 a m	4 50 p m
Ar Savannah	1 10 p m	1 15 a m
Ar Charleston	5 14 p m	5 55 a m
Ar Florence	7 59 p m	9 25 a m
Ar Wilmington	11 45 p m	1 40 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

	West Bound Daily	East Bound Daily
Lv Wilmington	8 45 a m	Ar 3 00 p m
Ar Fayetteville	12 15 p m	Lv 4 05 p m
Ar Sanford	1 55 p m	Lv 5 40 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND NEWBERN

	North Bound Daily ex Sunday	South Bound
Lv Wilmington	2 25 p m	Ar 12 30 p m
Ar Newbern	5 40 p m	Lv 9 00 a m

Trains Nos. 42 and 41 carry Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with Penna R. R. for all points east.

W. J. CRAIG, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

H. M. Emerson, Traffic Manager.

jan 10 tf

Seaboard

Air Line Railroad.

Schedule in Effect July 11, 1904.

DAILY TRAIN NO. 39.

Leave Wilmington	3 20 p m
" Lumberton	5 42 p m
" Maxton	6 45 p m
" Laurinburg	7 01 p m
Arrive Hamlet	7 35 p m
Leave Hamlet	7 55 p m
" Monroe	9 50 p m
Arrive Charlotte	10 45 p m

DAILY TRAIN NO. 40.

Leave Charlotte	5 01 a m
" Monroe	5 50 a m
Arrive Hamlet	7 30 a m
Leave Hamlet	8 45 a m
" Laurinburg	9 14 a m
" Maxton	9 40 a m
" Lumberton	10 20 a m
Arrive Wilmington	12 45 p m

DAILY TRAIN NO. 43 EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington	5 00 a m
" Lumberton	7 21 a m
" Maxton	8 04 a m
" Laurinburg	8 18 a m
Arrive Hamlet	8 50 a m

DAILY TRAIN NO. 44 EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Hamlet	7 35 p m
" Laurinburg	8 05 p m
" Maxton	8 39 p m
" Lumberton	9 08 p m
Arrive Wilmington	11 20 p m

31 35 Eastern Time July 11, 1904 44 66

P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
10 35	9 10	Lv Richmond Ar	6 35	4 55
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
11 17	10 02	Ar Petersburg Ar	5 49	4 03
A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.
1 35	12 45	Ar Norlina Lv	3 40	1 55

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest. For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to

E. B. WILLIAMSON, Agent, jy 26 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Atlantic Coast Line.

THINK OF IT!

A round trip ticket via the

Atlantic Coast Line to

BOSTON, MASS.

August 15th-20th.

$21.25 $22.50 $24.40

LOUISVILLE, KY.

August 16th-20th.

$22.85.

NASHVILLE, TENN.

August 10th-12th.

$17.75.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

on sale daily

$18.00.

ST. LOUIS.

$28.65 $32.25 $26.25

Call up 1-6 0, Bell 'Phone, and let us tell you about it.

H. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. W. J. CRAIG, General Passenger Agt.

aug 4 tf Wilmington N. C.

The Clyde Steamship Co New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines

From New York for Wilmington

CARIB.....Saturday, July 30
NAVAHOE.....Saturday, Aug. 6

From Wilmington for New York

NAVAHOE.....Saturday, July 30
CARIB.....Saturday, Aug. 6

From Wilmington for Georgetown

NAVAHOE.....Tuesday, July 26
CARIB.....Tuesday, Aug. 2

Both Steamers have good Passenger accommodation.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight and passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt. Wilmington, N. C.

CLYDE MILNE, Gen'l Freight Agent

THEO. G. EGER, Gen'l Manager.

WM. P. CLYDE & CO., Gen'l Agents, 19 State Street, New York

jy 28 tf

A Delightful Pleasure.

Nothing pleases a man more than a good, clean shave. We give the cleanest shave obtainable, not only in point of keen razors, but as to real cleanliness. We use a clean towel for each man and everything else is thoroughly antiseptic

GUION & DAVIS, Climax Barber Shop, 7 South Front Street.

feb 25 tf

The Morning Star

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 5.

THE PACKERS AND THE LABOR LEADERS.

No Further Conferences—Chicago Packers Say Situation is Satisfactory—Business at Stock Yards Improving.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—In a statement given out to-night by the packers the report that negotiations are in progress to bring on another conference between the packers and the labor leaders is declared to be entirely unfounded. The packers assert that there is not the slightest possibility of any further conferences with the strike leaders. According to this statement the progress being made at the plants is satisfactory to all the packers; more men are being employed daily; all contracts and orders are being made at lower prices than before the strike commenced. In a table accompanying the statement it is shown that the total number of men at work to-night at all points is more than 29,000. With this number of men at work the packers claim to have shipped 321 car loads of fresh meats to all points yesterday.

Officials of the butchers' organization severely criticised the utterances to-day of a police inspector, who is alleged to have said that after this rioters will be taken to the morgue instead of the police station.

The packers to-day introduced a distinct novelty in strike-breaking—a train load of immigrants said to be direct from Ellis Island. The immigrants were unloaded at several obscure points about the yards and were smuggled in groups of ten or twelve. This took place while representatives of the packers were reiterating the assertion made yesterday that scores of applicants for work are being turned away because only skilled laborers are being employed.

WEST VIRGINIA DEMOCRATS.

State Convention Nominated John Cornwall for Governor—"White Supremacy" Not in the Platform.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PARKERSBURG, W. VA., August 4.—The Democratic State Convention to-day nominated State Senator John Cornwall for governor and endorsed John T. McGraw for United States Senator to succeed Nathan B. Scott. The proceedings throughout appeared to be in accordance with the wishes of Henry G. Davis, the Democratic candidate for vice president.

There is no question about the convention being almost unanimously in favor of the "White Supremacy" proposition and yet at the request of Mr. Davis it was kept out of the platform, receiving only 87 votes out of 974.

Mr. Davis did not attend the convention to-day, but was busy at his hotel in arranging for the campaign. He will remain here until to-morrow night in conference with State committeemen, candidates and others.

HAYTIEN SITUATION.

Great Disorder in Port-au-Prince—Americans Mobbed by Populace.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PORT AU PRINCE, HAYTI, Aug. 4.—The city of Port au Prince is in a state of great disorder. Bands of soldiers throwing stones prevent the Syrians from re-opening their stores. American citizens have hoisted the stars and stripes over their residences and a number of them have sought refuge in the American legation, driving there in carriages flying the American flag and pursued by the populace throwing stones.

After the disorders of the morning, Mr. Powell, the American minister, went to the palace and demanded of President Nord that the government should take immediate action to stop the disorders, and to protect all foreigners and their property, demanding respectfully that American interests be protected.

The president sent for the minister of the interior and the military governor and ordered them to take immediate steps to stop the disorders and to send troops to the disturbed parts.

President Nord assured Mr. Powell that the lives and property of the foreigners would be protected.

After the interview at the palace, Minister Powell, Alexander Batiste, the American deputy consul, and General Carrie, the military governor, visited the disturbed districts and personally saw that protection was given to the houses of the foreigners.

The energetic and prompt action of Minister Powell has no doubt saved not only the property but the lives of foreigners and prevented greater disturbances.

ON THE DIAMOND.

Record of Games Played Yesterday by League Teams.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago, 10; Washington, 1.
St. Louis-Philadelphia, postponed; rain.
Cleveland, 11; Boston, 1.
Detroit, 1; New York, 6.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, 2; Cincinnati, 1. Second game: Philadelphia, 4; Cincinnati, 3.
Brooklyn, 1; Pittsburg, 4.
New York, 2; Chicago, 3. Second game: New York, 8; Chicago, 0.
Boston, 2; St. Louis, 1. Second game: Boston, 0; St. Louis, 1.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Atlanta Shreveport, no game; rain.
Nashville, 5; Memphis, 6.
Birmingham, 1; New Orleans, 0. (11 innings.)
No other games scheduled.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE.

Columbia, 1; Augusta, 0.
Macon, 0; Jacksonville, 1.
Charleston—no game; rain.

The Death Penalty.

A little thing sometimes results in death. Thus a mere scratch, insignificant cuts or puny boils have paid the death penalty. It is wise to have Bucklen's Arnica Salve ever handy. It's the best salve on earth, and will prevent fatalities when Burns, Sores, Ulcers and Piles threaten. Only 25c at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

CRISIS IS NEAR AT PORT ARTHUR.

Japanese Guns Continue a Heavy Fire on the City and the Russian Positions.

THE FINAL ASSAULT IS NEAR.

There Will be No Charges of Masses of Infantry Until the Russian Guns Are Silenced--Believed Russian Fleet Will Leave the Harbor.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

TOKIO, Aug. 4, 10 A. M.—The Japanese are hourly awaiting tidings of a victory at Port Arthur, with more interest and eagerness than heretofore displayed during the war. From a political, strategical and sentimental standpoint the position of the Russian fort and naval base is considered of paramount importance by the Japanese. It is known that the Japanese noose about the besieged city is gradually tightening. The Japanese guns are pouring shot into the diminishing city, and it is felt here that the critical hour is fast approaching.

But the public here is ignorant of the hour when the final assault will be made and also of the details of the work already done around Port Arthur. It is believed that the fire from the Japanese batteries will compel the Russian fleet to leave the harbor and accept battle from Admiral Togo. It is becoming proverbial that the Japanese infantry will go anywhere and will refuse to retire, no matter how great their losses may be. It is believed that Port Arthur could have been taken before this time with a heavy sacrifice of life; but it is evident that the military leaders are working to effect the reduction and capture the fortress with the minimum loss of life. There will be no charges of great masses of infantry until the artillery has finished the task of silencing the Russian guns. The story is current to the effect that the Emperor has expressed the wish that the capture shall be effected with the smallest possible sacrifice of life, hence the care and precision taken by the Japanese in approaching the Russian defences and the extensive use of the larger engines of war with which to clear the way.

Russians Abandon Hai Cheng.

TOKIO, Aug. 4.—The Japanese victors, at the battle of Simoucheng, have advanced and occupied Hai Cheng.

The Russians began abandoning Hai Cheng August 3, and the Japanese entered without resistance at noon yesterday. The Japanese occupied New Chwang the same day.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 4.—A rumor is current that a battle is in progress north of Hai Cheng.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—A dispatch from Anshanshan (half way between Hai Cheng and Liao Yang) says:

The Japanese advance is being continued with great energy against the southern army. The Russian forces continue their retirement northward, but the cavalry has checked the Japanese' threatening flank movement.

No Important News.

LONDON, Aug. 5.—The war news in the London newspapers this morning is again restricted to official dispatches. A very few brief dispatches from General Kuroki's headquarters in the field are printed, but they give no additional conformation to that already known.

The Daily Mail's correspondent with General Kuroki describes the sufferings of the men from the heat. He says that one regiment maddened by thirst rushed into a river under the full fire of the Russians and drank at the peril of their lives.

FIREMEN'S TOURNAMENT.

World's Record in Grab Reel Contest Lowered One Second by Spencer.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., Aug. 4.—At the State Firemen's tournament at Spencer, this State, to-day, the world's record in grab reel races of 100 yards in twenty seconds was lowered one second by Spencer, which now gives her the championship of the world. This team will enter the international contests at St. Louis on the 25th.

WARM WIRELETS

Dr. P. P. Ramsey, of Lynchburg, Va., has been elected president of King College at Bristol, Tenn. He will accept the position.

Two suspicious cases of yellow fever have been found in Vera Cruz and have been sent to the hospital. Merida has several more suspicious cases.

Judge D. P. Vesner, master in equity of Greenville, S. C., committed suicide yesterday by shooting. He was one of the best known men in the State.

After desperate efforts to save his life, Isaiah E. Cooper will be hanged at Arcadia, Fla., to-day for the murder of City Marshal Bowman, of Punta Gordo, January 23d, 1903.

A meeting of creditors of D. J. Sully & Co., to consider the question of a settlement between the creditors and the bankrupt concern, which was held yesterday, adjourned until next Monday, without any decision having been reached.

The Eighth District Democratic convention, in session at Wilksboro, N. C., had taken nearly forty ballots up to midnight, with little change from the first, with R. N. Hackett, of Wilkes county, and W. E. Newland, of Caldwell, leading. There are three other candidates.

EDGECOMBE COUNTY PRIMARIES.

Long and Tedious Count in Progress. Don Gilliam for the Senate.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

TARBORO, N. C., August 4.—A quiet but heavy vote was polled in the primary here for nomination of legislative and county officers to day. On account of the individual tickets and number of candidates the count will be long and tedious and it will be late before the result is known. Indications point to a victory for Don Gilliam for State Senate, and M. B. Pitt and R. H. Vestal for the House. Dawson probably leads his five opponents for sheriff with Jenkins or Morris, the present incumbent, a close second. A second primary will probably be required to nominate a sheriff. H. H. Bunn and J. W. H. Battle are believed to be nominated for register of deeds and treasurer.

—The total receipts at the United States assay office at Charlotte during the past month amounted to $27,889.45. The aggregate represents a good month. The average monthly shipment amounts to about $22,000.

JUDGE PARKER'S MANY VISITORS.

Senator Bailey of Texas and Governor Montague of Virginia in the Party.

BOTH HIGHLY DELIGHTED.

Bailey's Views as to the Coming Campaign—The Crucical State—The Gubernatorial Canvass in New York State This Fall.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ESOPUS, N. Y., August 4.—Almost all of Judge Parker's visitors to-day were from south of Mason and Dixon line. United States Senator John W. Bailey, of Texas, was one of the first to arrive. He was accompanied by Mrs. Bailey and their son, and left Rosemount with expressions of most cordial admiration for Judge Parker and of hopefulness as to the outcome of the campaign. Governor A. J. Montague, of Virginia, came down from Lake George, where for several days he has been visiting George Foster Peabody, the newly appointed treasurer of the national committee. National Committeeman H. D. Clayton and Col. E. L. Russell, with his daughter, consituted the remainder of the Southern delegation.

Other visitors to Judge Parker to-day were Charles R. Crane, of Chicago, Alfred Henry Lewis, the well known writer, and Ira M. Black, of Kinston, N. Y. To-night at 6:30 the steam yacht Sapphire which has become a familiar sight in the river off Esopus landing, brought Judge Morgan J. O'Brien and John P. McDonald from New York city.

Senator Bailey had little to say for publication beyond the following tribute to Judge Parker: "I am delighted with Judge Parker, both with his views as a statesman and a Democrat and as a man."

Senator Bailey gave his interviewers the impression that he regards the coming campaign as crucical in three States—New York, Indiana and New Jersey.

"I differ with some of my colleagues," said he, "as to the alignment of the States in their respective columns. There are States which they call doubtful that I believe are surely Democratic and States that they call doubtful which I believe to be Republican."

It is believed that Senator Bailey approves of Judge Parker's position on the subject of campaign speeches, and that he believes the Judge will do well in remaining at Rosemount throughout the campaign, with the possible exception of three or four important addresses at such points as Indianapolis and New York.

Governor Montague said after he had seen Judge Parker, whom he met to-day for the first time, that he was sure the judge would gain in strength as the rank and file of the party came to be better acquainted with his forceful character and high purposes. He declared that he had no particular matter to take up with Judge Parker, but wished merely to make his acquaintance and to bring him the cordial greetings of the Virginia Democracy.

"We of the South," said Governor Montague, "are immediately interested in the gubernatorial canvass in New York State this Fall. It would be most unbecoming in me to say anything which would look like meddling in the political affairs of New York State, but I am free to say that the character of the Democratic candidate for Governor will have most important influence in my judgment upon the national campaign. He should be a man fitted to complement Judge Parker's candidacy in representing the highest possible ideas and principles of the Democracy.

Col. Russell, who acted as the spokesman for the Alabama delegation at the St. Louis convention, in yielding first on the roll call to New York State, which nominated Judge Parker, had only words of enthusiasm after his visit to the candidate, who he said would fulfill the expectations of every Democrat as a friend of the people and a defender of home rights and liberty.

National Committeeman Clayton said his only purpose in coming to Rosemount was to make the acquaintance of Judge Parker before returning to his home in Alabama. "I have but good news," said he, "to take to my people in the South concerning the candidate for the presidency."

Judge Parker dined to-night on the Sapphire with Judge O'Brien and Mr. McDanald.

Innocent by Accident.

A story is told of a Pennsylvania judge who once had a number of Irishmen before him in one of the interior counties, indicted for riot on the canal. All their names were included in one indictment, and the jury found them all guilty, though one of them, Pat Murphy, clearly proved an alibi. They were all brought into court to be sentenced, and Pat was directed to stand up with the others. Pat protested vehemently and reminded the judge that it was clearly proved on the trial that he was at the time sick in bed and at a considerable distance from the scene of the riot. "Stand up, Pat," said the judge, "stand up. You're just as guilty as any of them. You know you would have been there if you could!"

Settled.

Husband (reading from Scott)—"Not one woman in twenty marries the first love." How was it in your case, my dear?

Wife—How was it in your case?

Husband — You must make the first confession. Don't answer like a parrot by asking me the same question.

Wife — Well, here's the honest truth. If you married your first love, I married my first. If you didn't, I didn't.

How to Be Happy.

Friend—Doesn't your husband kiss you when he goes off to business in the morning?

Hostess (who had been married before)—I never let him.

"Mercy me! Why?"

"So that in after years I shan't have any excuse for feeling blue when he goes off and forgets it."

Corn.

Corn in now manufactured into forty-seven food products and 108 articles of commerce. The enlarged range of its usefulness is the basis for the prediction that corn will never again drop to the low prices that prevailed when it was used almost solely for stock feeding and in the distilleries. — Maxwell's Talisman.

THE LYCEUM THEATRE ATTRACTIONS.

Canvassers Meeting With Unbounded Success—Members in the Course.

That the people of Wilmington intend to largely patronize the Lyceum Course, which will be offered for their delectation at the Academy the coming season, is already shown conclusively, as the canvassers have met with most flattering success and each day are swelling the subscription list. It will not be long before all books will be obligated for. The price of a book (good for the season) is only $2, which, when a seat is reserved at 10 cents each, will make each of the eight entertainments of the course cost but 35 cents. This is a big advantage the subscribers to the season books will obtain, as non-subscribers will have to pay not less than $1 for each seat. Another benefit to be derived will be the exclusive right to reserve seats the first day of the sale.

The course will be of an exceedingly fine and attractive nature. In fact, it is said that it will surpass anything in its line ever given in North Carolina and will certainly equal any ever presented in the South. The eight numbers are all new to Wilmington, which will be refreshing, and each stands among the foremost in Lyceum work. The opening number will be the official Hungarian Court Orchestra, which will give one of its few concerts in the South at this point, the date of the engagement being either the last part of September or early in October. Other big attractions will follow, such as the original Mendelssohn Quartette, Fred Emerson Brooks, Capt. Jack Crawford, the Ritchies, the Alice Carey Concert Company, the distinguished Presbyterian divine William Slater Jacobs, and others.

SALTNESS OF DEAD SEA.

What makes the Dead sea salt is a question that has been discussed for centuries, and the most recent explanation is that advanced by William Ackroyd, who assigns as the most important cause the atmospheric transportation of salt from the Mediterranean sea. Previously it has been assumed that the saltness of this historic body of water was due to the soil and rocks, which, it is now thought, would not be able to furnish the amount required and that the Dead sea was once a part of the Red sea, which had been cut off by the rising of Palestine and concentrated by evaporation, a hypothesis which is not supported by facts. According to Ackroyd's theory, the winds blowing from the Mediterranean would bring rain charged with salt. In proof of this it is stated that the proportion of chlorin to bromin is the same in the Dead sea that it is in the Mediterranean. — Harper's Weekly.

A Most Remarkable Case.

A wonderful anæsthesia under terrible injuries has just occurred in Paris. A young married woman, Mme. Deplats, fell in her room in a fit of giddiness, upsetting a lamp, from which her clothing caught fire. The lady's husband found her unconscious and suffering from very severe burns about the lower limbs. At the sound of his voice she recovered consciousness, but seemed to suffer no pain and to be quite unaware of her condition. She merely urged him to "see that the soup does not boil over." At the hospital she displayed similar freedom from discomfort, to the utter bewilderment of the doctors, considering the extent of her injuries. Death took place within a few hours.

Speaker Cannon's Ink Work.

When Speaker Cannon takes his pen to sign a few bills everybody moves away from his immediate vicinity, so as to be beyond reach of the ink shower he is sure to distribute. In five minutes the marble rostrum at which he sits looks like the back of a coach dog. Mr. Cannon is always much afraid of blotting the document awaiting his signature, so he shakes the pen vigorously before putting it to work. On days when the speaker has much of this work to do Asher Hinds, the parliamentary clerk, who sits beside him, wears what he calls his "signing trousers," which garments are about as much soiled as they can be.

Nicknames For British Warships.

Jack likes a name which rolls easily off the tongue—short, handy and open to familiar alteration. The Howe, of the Admiral class, which he has dubbed Anyhow; the Æolus, known as the Alehouse; the Resolution, nicknamed the Rolling Rezzy; the Barham, which bluejackets know chiefly as Baa Lamb, and the Old Immorality, or Immortalight, by which he is wont to identify the handsome cruiser lately in eastern waters bearing a famous record—all have handles that suit and please him.—London Telegraph.

Big Cold Storage Plant.

The United States has a cold storage plant in Manila that is without an equal. It holds 1,200 tons of beef, 200 tons of mutton, 150 tons of butter, 100 tons of potatoes, 100 tons of bacon, etc., or sufficient of the necessities of life to feed well an army of 10,000 men for three months. Besides its mere storage capacity it has an ice plant with a daily output of forty tons.

New Excuse For Drunkenness.

In the Portland municipal court last week a woman got to the limit of excuses by saying that an apparent drunkenness was in reality only a desperate attempt on her part to break in a pair of new shoes and at the same time to walk on ice. Judge Hill smiled, but gave her thirty days.—Bangor News.

Steamer Compton's Sunday Schedule.

Steamer Sanders to the Lightship, August 7th.

On next Sunday the Steamer Compton will go up the Cape Fear River fifteen miles, leaving her wharf at 9 A. M. Fare for round trip 15 cents. In afternoon she will make a special trip down the river below the Pier, leaving her wharf at 3 P. M. Fare for the round trip 15 cents. These trips are growing exceedingly popular with the public as they afford a pleasant outing with but little cost. Steamer Sanders will make a trip to Lightship, leaving her wharf at 8 A. M. Fare for round trip 50 cents. Only fifty tickets will be sold on this trip. Now on sale at STONE & CO.'S.

'Phone 352.

This will be the last trip to the Lightship this Summer. au 3 tf

BUSINESS LOCALS.

NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 50 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

A few gentlemen can secure board with nicely furnished rooms and privilege of bath. If not taken apply at 308 South Second street. au 3 4t

The gas range solves the servant question.

$75.00 buys a nice lot in Millis' alley, between Eighth and Ninth and Dawson and Wright streets, 33x115 feet in size. Apply to W. M. Cumming. aug 3 tf

Wanted—A good, sober young man to work in groceries and liquor. Country boy preferred. Address XX, care of STAR. au 2 5t

Wanted—Position in saloon; six years mixing drinks; can give good references; employed now in finest saloon in Greensboro, N. C. (dry town). Address E. L. S., Box 209, Greensboro, N. C. jy 30-2w

M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate and Collecting Agency. Will rent your property, giving personal attention to collections and repairs. Prompt returns. Money to loan on good security. 114½ Princess street. jy 12 1m

For Rent.—Store in a fine business town; also dwelling and stable. A good opportunity for the right man. Address S. C. Applewhite, Oronly, N. C. jy 31-1m

Cabbage, Apples, Onions Irish Potatoes, Eggs and all kinds of produce at A. B. Winstead's to-day, 213 Market street. Both 'Phones. sep 5 tf

Stove wood at Wrightsville Beach. Fine wood sawed and split for use in cooking stoves will be delivered at any point along the railroad on Wrightsville Beach at $1.25 per load. Leave or telephone your orders to the Baggage Room, Consolidated Railways, Light and Power Company. jy 9 30t

Notice—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Eastern Carolina Piscatorial Association will be held at the office of the undersigned Tuesday, August 9th, at 11 o'clock a. M. Geo. H. Howell, secretary. jy 7 30t

Eat at the Dixie Restaurant and grow fat. 117 Princess street. je 15 tf

The Only Restaurant is prepared to accommodate any number for breakfast, dinner and supper at the reasonable price of 25 cents each meal. Also special attention given to short orders at any time, day or night. ja 26 tf

Sewing Machines, Typewriters, Organs repaired. Will be in town for a few days only. Address J. B. Farrar, No. 9 South Eighth street. dec 30 tf

For Sale—Two turpentine stills in good working condition—one especially good. Cheap for cash. C. W. Worth, receiver. dec 13 tf

Offices for rent in The Worth Building—the most convenient business location in the city. Modern equipment. Apply to The Worth Co. feb 18 tf

MURIATE OF POTASH.

A small lot of this material which we will close out at a low price

We Handle All Fertilizer Materials,

and are State Agents for the sale of

GENUINE PERUVIAN GUANO

IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Smith Davis Co.,

Y. M. C. A. Building.

je 28 tf

SOLE AGENTS —FOR— MERCER & EVANS COMPANY, 115 Princess St., —SELL— FINE FOOTWEAR

SHOES on the lowest basis of a living profit. By their Cash-on-Approval system they are enabled to surprise you with low prices.

CALL AND SEE THEM.

Fresh arrivals of Douglas' Low Cuts in all leathers. Also, Ladies' Low Cuts from Krippendorf-Dittman Co.'s. See our White Canvas Goods. They are beauties.

Mercer & Evans Co.

jy 2 tf

Notice This!

We carry a full stock of

CORN, HAY,

OATS, MEAL,

Flour, Sugar, Molasses,

and all kinds of can goods at lowest prices.

Come and see us or send your orders.

S. P. McNAIR,

je 26 tf Wilmington, N. C.

A Word About Butter!

We are selling a most delightful fresh Butter, from the Mountains of Pennsylvania. It is churned on Monday, sent by express to us, and is received every Wednesday morning. It comes in 5-pound pails and 1-pound blocks. We can sell it to you perfectly fresh every Wednesday. As each lot arrives we place it in a refrigerator and keep it hard and sweet until sold.

Wilmington Grocery Co.,

Jno. L. Boatwright, Manager.

'Phone 14 je 16 tf

PROPOSALS INVITED.

Proposals will be received for the following work on Public Buildings:

City Hall—repair to main roof and porch, gutters and galvanized piping, elbows, etc., and to paint same, one coat with best roof paint.

Front Street Market House—Repair roof and gutters and pipes and paint same.

To furnish all materials and paint the following scenery for the Academy of Music:

Center door, fancy backing, full stage
" " " wings.
" " " borders.
Light woods drop, full stage.
" " wings.
Tormentors and widing masks.
Set house.
" " fire place.
Widin sky borders.
" grand drapery.

To furnish matting for lobbies and all aisles on first and second floors; also best 2-ply ingrain carpet and best cocoa matting and drapery for boxes and window shades.

For eight rocking and 24 sitting chairs, oak.

For adding 40 border lights, 10 foot lights, 6 box lights, 4 orchestra lights, 3 griddle lights, 2 fly lights and using same switch and dimmer, and making all connections.

For painting (2 coats) first floor and orchestra.

For repairing and painting front and stage entrance steps of Opera House.

For repairing floor in Hook and Ladder Hall.

Right to reject any or all bids reserved.

Bids will be received at the office of the City Clerk and Treasurer until noon, August 13th. For further information call on W. E. Yopp.

Z. E. MURRELL,
Chairman Public Building Committee. au 4 5 7

THEY MUST BE UNCOMMONLY GOOD

IF

AUGUST

After more than 60 years of continued use the Ferris Bacon, Tongues and Beef (it is generally acknowledged) still give universal satisfaction. Holding a secure place in public favor and preferred by the "people who know."

CARPENTER GROCERY

THE LADIES' STORE.

Phone 824. au 4 tf

IT LEADS

OTHERS FOLLOW.

WHAT?

GOLDEN GIRDLE

Ginger Ale.

H. L. Vollers.

SOLE AGENT.

A. C. L. Crossing

je 19 tf

Hammocks . .

We have an entirely new line which we will sell as cheap as any on the market. Call and see us before you buy.

ROBT. C. DeROSSET,

The Stationer.

my 29 tf 32 North Front St.

HAMME, THE HATTER

and Clothier.

Is the place for bargains in Straw Hats and Summer Clothing at reduced prices. All are invited.

jy 31 tf 24 North Front St.

Cotton Bagging,

Cotton Ties, Cotton Sheets.

Place your orders with us now.

HALL & PEARSALL,

INCORPORATED.

je 22 tf

Peaches, Peaches,

Soft Free Stones,

and the finest ever shown on this market, at

PLUMMER'S.

'Phone 680. je 30 tf

FOR THIS WEEK!

A SPECIAL SILK SALE AT

Gaylord's

We have 10 pieces of Jap wash silks in pretty colors that are 50c. values and we will sell now for 25c.

One yard wide black taffeta silk at 65c. a yard; a better quality of yard wide black taffeta silk at 75c. a yard; our warranted and guaranteed black taffeta silk, $1.25 value, we will sell this week for $1.00.

We have a full line of black Peau de Soir silks that we are selling for 74c., $1.00 and $1.25 a yard.

Some short pieces in Foulard silks that is strictly all silk, that we will sell for 15c. a yard.

Summer Goods.

Alpine Lawn, in pretty Summer colors, we are selling this week at 3½c a yard. We have a nice line of 10c Lawns in pink and light blues that we sell at 7½c a yard. A special drive in India Linens that we are closing out. A 6c quality for 4½c; our 10c Indias we think are the very best; the same quality we sold the first of the season at 12½c; we have a full line of Indias at all prices—12½, 15, 18, 20 and 25c a yard.

Lace Department.

In this department we have recently made large purchases and we are able to show our customers an extremely handsome line of Val laces, Allovers, Yokings and Ruchings. We have Val laces as low as 10c per dozen yards. We are showing an extremely nice line at 25c per dozen yards; we have a splendid assortment of the very prettiest patterns for 40, 50, 69, 75c, and $1 per dozen yards.

Millinery Department.

In this department we never have dull times. We keep our stock up-to-date all the time. We have plenty of pretty new duck hats, the very latest styles, at 50c. each. We also have a nice line of white chiffon hats, the kind we sold for $1.69 we are now offering for $1.00 apiece. We also have a nice line of pretty straw hats, in new and pretty goods, no old stock nor trash. Our very best 50c. sellers we are now selling at 25c apiece. We have a few hundred odds and ends in hats, all prices represented, and give you your choice for 10c. each.

Ribbon Department.

We have on sale 5 inches wide beautiful fancy ribbons, the very best quality of satin taffeta embroidered patterns, ribbon that retails for 35c. for 15c. per yard. We have everything in ribbons, all prices, all styles, all widths. A plenty of nice taffeta ribbons at 10c. per yard.

Veiling Department.

In this department we look to the wants of all our customers. We have the ready made veils to sell at 25c., 50c., 75c. and $1.00 each. The latest and prettiest style of veiling at 25c. and 50c. a yard. A nice line of all silk veiling at 15c. per yard.

Muslin Underwear.

ROYAL UNDERGARMENTS

Nice quality of muslin underwear for ladies. This has grown to be quite a strong department in our store. We sell the Royal Underwear maker's goods, and every garment is warranted to be perfectly made, full size, all felled seams, goods that are the very best, the muslins are all good quality. We have everything that ladies wear. We have them from 10c a garment to $3.50 a garment.

Remember the Place, The Big Racket Store,

GEO. O. GAYLORD,

jy 31 tf PROPRIETOR.

All Summer Goods Reduced. | **The C. W. Polvogt Co.,** The Store that is Always Busy. | **Another Ribbon Sale Now Going On**

Our Annual Inventory

HAS JUST BEEN COMPLETED, and in nearly every department we find that of some goods we have too many and others the assortment is too small, so we have cut the prices to close them out before the Fall season opens. We print below a partial list of such goods:

10 and 19½c. Fancy Colored Lawns, your choice 8s. per yard.
65 to 85c. Fancy China and Foulard Silks now 50c. per yard.
200 yards Allover Embroideries, worth 75c. to $1.25, now 65c.
Danish Cloth in all shades (cream included) only 10c. per yard.
15c Turkish Bath Towels, over 50 dozen to choose from, 12c. each.
All Linen Huck Towels, worth 18c., now only 13c. each.
12½c. Ladies' Ribbed Vests, 50 dozen to close at 8½c. each.
Mennen's Violet Talcum Powder, worth 25c., now 15c. a box.
All Trimmed Millinery at half price; some bargains.
19½ and 15c. Fancy Ginghams, broken lots only, 10c. a yard.
10 and 15c. Val Laces and Edgings, to close out at 5c. a yard.
75c. Satin Girdles in pink, blue and white, to close, only 50c.
$3.50 White or Black China Silk waists, all sizes, to close only $2.50.
Dotted and Plain Mouselines 35 and 50c. values, to close 19c.
All our 50 and 65c. Fancy Foulard Silk and other fine colored material only 39c. per yard.
35c. and 50c. Silk Ginghams, about 6 pieces to close out, 25c. yard.
$1.50 Jute Rugs, too many in stock, to close $1 each.
$3.00 Jute Rugs (30 in stock) to close out only $1.95 each.
Our New York buyer has sent us another lot of fine Nile Ribbons, worth 35c. to 75c. They are all to go at one price, viz: 25c. per yard. Displayed on Ribbon table, center of store

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

jy 30 tf

The Store That Pays Your Car Fare. | **REHDER'S.** | Agents for New Idea Patterns 10c Each.

25c Talcum Powder for 10c.

We have just received a big shipment of

IMPORTED TALCUM POWDER WHICH SELLS FOR 25 CENTS.

Purchasing in large quantities enables us to offer it to you at the small price of 10c. It contains the dainty Violet perfume. Try one box and it you are not satisfied you can get your money back.

SOLD IN ANY QUANTITY.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

jy 21 tf 615, 617, 619 North Fourth St.

Great Clearing Sale.

One-third off of everything I sell except

VICTOR TALKING MACHINES.

I leave for New York August 20th, and intend to close out Skirts, Waists and Hats. Our $10 Skirts will be $6.66, and our $6 Skirts $4, $3 Skirts $2, $1 Skirt 66c. Our $3 Silk Waist $2 and $1.50 Waist $1, 75c Waist 50c and 50c Waist 33c. Will also sell you Ribbons and Hats one-third off

Don't forget The Victor Talking Machine, it speaks and sings as plain and distinct as you can; plays as loud as a brass band. Price $15, $17.50 and $40. Records, 7-inch $5 dozen, 10-inch $10 dozen. Needles for Talking Machine 55c per 1,000. You can hear it plainly half a mile.

PARIS MILLINERY EMPORIUM,

au 2 tf 129 Market Street, Wilmington, N. C.

If You Have Idle Funds Awaiting Investment

there is no necessity for them to lie idle.

We pay interest at rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compounded quarterly. Let us care for your money for you.

Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.,

108 Princess Street.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President

au 2 tf C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

High Quality Fancy Cakes,

KEBLER WYLE BAKING CO.

Unsurpassed in quality and prices. No trust or combination. Challenges comparison.

Sell K. W. B. Co. goods and increase your business four fold.

The F. E. Hashagen Co.,

SOLE AGENT AND DISTRIBUTORS.

je 19 tf